U.S. warns Iran over hostages

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States on Saturday warned from that it would held responsible for the safety of any American hostages moved to Iran from Lebanon. The Beirut weekly magazine Ash Shiraa, which broke the story of the secret U.S. arms sales to Iran, reported Saturday that some American hostages seized in Lebanon had been moved to Iran and were undergoing "severe" interrogation (See page 2). State Department spokesman Pete Martinez said he could not confirm the report but added: "However, if such reports were indeed true, we would consider it a matter of the utmost gravity and would hold the Iranian government directly responsible for the safety and well being of the hostages. In any case, the very notion of a "triat" for the hostages is outraged. The hostages are not criminals but innocent victims. The terrorist kidnappers are those who should be facing trial. We repeat our call that any group or country having influence on the kidnappers has a responsibility to secure the immediate and unconditional release of all the hostages.

proves there Volume 12 Number 3499

AMMAN, SUNDAY JUNE, 14, 1987, SHAWWAL 18, 1407

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pnund; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Cabinet approves accord with Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) - The Council of Ministers on Saturday approved an agreement of cooperation between Jordan and Iraq in the field of religious affairs. In the field under the chairmanship of Prime Minister diate People Lapproved a new draft law on ang. 24 and approved a new draft law on ang. 24 and universities. The ministers also ranging in a universities. The ministers also ranging in the ministers ight to hamed Dr. Favez Al Tarawneh, ight to appeal economic adviser at the Prime eight had the Ministry, as bead of a delegation blicity in the Ministry, as bead of Abu Karablicity in the comprising of Mr. Eid Abu Kara-April 77 to comprising or the cabinet, and that the cabinet, and ig that three representatives of the ministry of their waters planning and the Royal Scientific ons to Peine. Society for talks with the Egypthe vendor, and information centre.

ter. Lao and Jordan gets \$15m Xinha at IDB loan

JEDDAH (OPECNA) — The slamic Development Bank (IDB) is to extend a \$15 million loan to help finance crude oil import for Jordan under an less fans de agreement signed here last week. they tried by This brings total IDB assistance ar held is to Jordan since September last 20 people year to \$88.4 million, IDB Presi-Riol police to dent-Dr. Abmed Mohamed Ali and tried to and Jordanian ambassador to concentially Saudi Arabia, Mohamed Rasool Kilani, signed the loan agree-

Irag reports air raids on Iranians

BAGHDAD (AP) — Iraq said its warplanes bombed Iranian army positions Saturday while Iranian gunners shelled a town north of the post city of Basra. The militosecutorids ary command said Iraqi jets flew 20 combat missions against Iranimp positions all along the war front inflicting casualties in men and destroying weapons and communique procurion of broadcast on state-run television said Iranian long-range artillery shelled the border town of Uzair. he U.S. Se about 105 kilometres north of Basra, a southern city. Some civihan property was hit but no casualties were reported. The communique also said the Iraqi navy dřové back five Iranian boats trying to approach the Al Amiq loading terminal. Al Amiq is one of the major Iraqi oil-copyrilla terminals on a narrow-coastal attenth of the northern corner of the Guif, but it has been abandoned since the war with Iran besser in 1980.

Typical in Italy said linked to Istanbul

ISTANBUL (R) - Two Arabs captured in Italy have confessed natch one at they were part of a group which attacked a synagogue in Istanbul last september, the mass-circula-tion flammer newspaper reported 1 with an Es television es Saturday Twenty-one people were killed when two men But the fall sprayed the synagogue with machine gun fire. The two gunmen were killed by their own hand grenades. Hurriyet said two Arebs, detained on suspicion while travelling on a train from Turn to Milan a mooth and a half ago, had now told Italian police that they were among a group of eight people which went to Istanbut to attack the synagogue. They said two of the group from the shadony Abu Nidal Palestinian faction were chosen by lot to carry out the suicide mission and the rest left Turkey the day be-

INSIDE

fore, the raid, the paper said.

sing extended AWACS patrol, page 2
• CAEU opens 47th con-

ference, page 3 Electricity — how much

is too much, by Fahed Fanek, page 4 Oxfam. Can big be

beautiful, page 5

Americans again, page 6 Moscow unveils propos-

als to deceptralise management, page 7

 Philippines begins mobilising civilians against

the providing a gradience of the first figure of the first of the

ontside the Iranian exclusion zone," it said. The Iraqi account put the Stark

Syrian premier ends 4-day visit

AMMAN (J.T.) — Syrian Prime Minister Abdul Raouf Al Kasm left for home on Saturday at the end of a four-day visit to Jordan during which he was received by His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

Dr. Kasm, who was accompamed on the visit by Foreign Minister Faroug Al Sharna, Interior Minister Mohammad Ghahash and Transport Minister Yousef Al Ahmad, also held talks with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai on issues related to Jordanian-Syrian cooperation in various fields and

ways to strengthen hilateral ties. The talks Dr. Kasm held here also covered the latest developments in the Arah region, said the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

nied Dr. Kasm on a visit to the proposed site for Magaien Dam across the River Yarmouk and the Deir Alla area in the Jurdan Valley. After hearing a briefing on the proposed dant and its potentials. Dr. Kasm promised to help overcome any difficulties related to implementing the pro-

Dr. Kasm and the delegation accompanying him were seen off from Amman airport by Mr. Rifai, Cabinet members, and On Friday, Mr. Rifai accompa- senior government officials,



Prime Minister Zaid Rifai sees off his Syrian counterpart Abdul Raouf Al Kasm upon his departure from Annan after a four-day visit on Saturday (Petra photo).

Goulding arrives in Israel for talks on prospects for peace conference

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - United diagree strongly over the peace Nations Under-Secretary-Gener- conference idea. al Marrack Goulding arrived here on Saturday on a tour to discuss prospects for Middle East peace.

Mr. Goulding is expected to visit Jordan, Egypt, Lebanon and Syria as well as meet Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat at an undisclosed location during his current

Mr. Goulding refused to answer reporters' questions at the airport, after his arrival, saying "I will not be talking to the press on this trip.

An Israeli official said the would be "one of the main topics" on Mr. Goulding's agenda.

The proposed conference calls for the involvement of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council — the United States, Soviet Union, China, France and Britain.

The Israeli foreign ministry said he would meet both Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres for talks expected to centre on the conference.

Mr. Shamir and Mr. Peres. partners but political rivals in Israel's coalition government,

qi missile attack on the U.S.

frigate Stark was almost certainly

an accident, but the ship was not

in a declared war zone in the Gulf

as reported by Baghdad, a con-

gressional report said Saturday.

The report faulted what it cal-

led an Iraqi tactie of firing on

radar blips without checking them visually and inadequate monitoring of emergency radio frequencies on which the Stark

broadcast warnings to the war-

Slark should have warned the

Iraqi Mirage F-1 jet earlier and

should have turned so that all of

ns weapons could be brought into

action more effectively in the

The report, by the House of

Representatives Armed Services

Committee, said: "Because of

The Stark was bit by two sea-

skimming Exc. et missiles fired by

the Mirage fighter. The May 17 attack killed 37 American sailors.

location that prompted the pilot

to fire. Baghdad says the frigate

was operating in a declared war

Iraq has said it was the Stark's

event of a missile launch.

waiting to happen."

At the same time, it said the

plane that fired on it.

On Friday, Mr. Goulding attended a meeting in New York between an Arab delegation led by Arab League Secretary General Chadii Klibi and U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar during which various Middle East issues, including the Iran-Iruq war and the proposed penee conference, were dis-

According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the Jordanian foreign minister, Mr. Taher Al Masri, briefed Mr. Perez de Cuellar on Jordan's efforts towards proposed peace conference convening the conference. Mr. Masri also reviewed with Mr. Perez de Cuellar the U.N. chief's forthcoming visit to the Soviet Union and his continuing contacts with other members of the Security Council on the confer-

ence proposal, Petra said. Mr. Masri told Petra after the meeting that he was encouraged by the increasing positive re-sponse from the international community towards the conference idea and that the U.N. secretary-general was also enthusiastic about pushing efforts towards convening the proposed

soud, the Arab League's observer at the U.N. and a member of the Arah team that met Mr. Perez de Cuellar on Friday, said he found that lukewarm U.S. support for the conference idea had grown

even cooler. "We think there has been a sort of cooling off on the issue of the international conference in recent weeks," Mr. Maksoud

Although the United States had dropped its previous opposition, "the lukewarm support that it had is becoming more lukewarm, and we think that is unfortunate," he said.

Mr. Maksoud said Mr. Klibi and he had discussed the issue earlier Friday with U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Richard Murphy.

Referring to Washington's de-sire for direct negotiations between Israel and the Arabs Mr. Maksoud said: "We have told the American administration we differ on their concept of an international conference.

"They wanted sort of a — we call it a charade, but they wanted a background for direct negonations, and we think direct negotiations at this particular juncture is a form of dictating the terms of However, Mr. Clovis Mak- Israeli hegemony in the region." U.S. panel says Stark was hit

U.N. move on Gulf conflict expected

UNITED NATIONS (R) - An

We have an impression that the Security Council in the next | men at 1000 GMT on the Sribbinfew weeks - maybe early July might be meeting towards a. resolution that has the potential for implementation," the Arab League's U.N. observer, Clovis

satisfied that Mr. Perez de Cuellar and the council were "pursuing a serious path towards hringing about a comprehensive settlement," of the conflict.

Arah League Secretary General Chadli Klibi, the foreign ministers of liag and Jordan, and the U.N. representatives of Tunisia, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and North Yemen.

Mr. Maksoud said the group also had the impression that the resolution eventually adopted would have "more teeth" than previous council drafts (See page

February 1986 but so far unimplemented calls for an immediate cease fire, the withdrawal of all forces to the internationally-recognised boundaries, a comprehensive exchange of prisoners of war, and the peaceful settlement

of all aspects of the conflict.

community was aware that the volatility of the region made the confinuation of the war a dangerous security risk.

"Any measures in the Security Council resolution that pre-empt the need for any kind of sanctions is useful," he said.

conspiring against Iran and Soviets

BAHRAIN (Agencies) - A senior Soviet official visiting Tehran was quoted as saving on Saturday that the United States was conspiring against Iran and the Soviet Union. Tehran Radio quoted Soviet First Deputy Foreign Minister Yuri Vorontsov as saying the Soviet Union "supports the Iranian revolution and respects it a great deal." "At the The Stark was hit shortly after moment, the U.S. is planning some moves against Iran and the Soviet Union," the radio quoted Mr. Vorontsov as saying in a meeting with Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Ali Mohammad Besharati. Tehran Radio did not elaborate but also quoted Mr. self-contained radar, a last-ditch Vorontsov as saying Moscow did defence against anti-ship cruise missiles, is positioned at the aft of

Interior Ministry receives about 60,000 contests over voter lists AMMAN (J.T.) - Saturday, on Sunday complaints that had tees had received 5,259 com-

June 13, was the last day in a been submitted to the provincial week-long period given hy the Ministry of Interior to the public the Kingdom. About 48,000 comto contest voter lists or submit complaints about matters related to last month's process of registration of voters for parliamentary elections in the Kingdom.

Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani said committees in charge of reviewing complaints about registration of voters had dealt with all issues referred to them by the public in this matter.

He said all matters were discussed in the light of the Election Law and regulations without any discrimination. Undersecretary of the Ministry

of Interior Ahmad Agaileh said a special committee was to review reported that the local committee is stered as voters for the elections.

committees in various regions of plaints were suhmitted to the Amman committee during the past week, according to Ministry of Interior sources.

The sources said that committee's decisions on complaints by the members of the public were not final and could still be contested in court between June 17

Mr. Dajani said in his statement Saturday that arrangements had been made with Ministry of Justice for matters related to public complaints and to be tackled by Jordanian courts.

plaints. The total number of voters registered in the governorate was out at 41,333.

In Jerash the local committee in charge of reviewing lists has cancelled 1,409 names from the registers out of a total of 19,000 registered voters.

In Ajloun it was reported that complaints were made about the registration of 5,094 people.

On May 24, Mr. Dajani announced that plans were going ahead for issuing special cards for all eligible voters who registered their names at the 700 registration centres in the Kingdom car-

lier in the month. Nearly 912,000 people had reg-

Resistance fighters report major attacks on Israeli troops and SLA

BEIRUT (R) - Resistance destroyed and their occupants kilfighters said they inflicted heavy casualties on Israeli troops and their militia allies in several attacks in South Lebanon on

A statement by Islamic Resistance also said three of its fighters were injured in two of the assaults on the edge of Israel's self-declared "security zone" in the south.

The Voice of Hope radio of the pro-Israeli South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia, said two SLA men were killed and four wounded when a rocket-propelled grenade hit their vebicle near Kafra village, 10 kilometres north of the Israeli border.

Islamic Resistance said guerrillas ambushed vehicles carrying 50 Israeli soldiers and SLA militiatwo armoured troop carriers were drew under fire from neighbour- of its forces from Lebanon.

led or wounded.

One SLA fighter was killed and two were hurt in a second ambush on the nearby Shibhin-Jebbain road, the statement said, and one guerrilla was also wounded. Police in the south said two

civilians were wounded when the villages of Haris, Yater and Kfar Tibnit, all just outside the SLAheld zone, came under artillery The two-hour shelling was

apparently in reprisal for the earlier guerrilla attacks, the police Islamic Resistance said guerril-

las also captured joint Israeli-SLA positions at Khazzan, a hilltop near Haris, inflicting 30 casualties and setting three vehi-

It said the attackers, two of

ing Israeli-SLA positions. Voice of Hope said Khazzan

had come under fire but denied that SLA posts there had been Islamic Resistance, drawn mainly from the Iranian-backed

Hizbollah (Party of God), has launched several large-scale attacks on the SLA and Israeli troops this year. Eleven guerrillas and 11 SLA

men were killed and six Israeli soldiers were wounded in a May 31 battle near the SLA-held town of Jezzine. After an attack on April 18, Israel said four of its men were injured and 25 guerril-las were killed.

Israel set up the "security zone," patrolled by at least 2,000 SLA militiamen hacked by around 1,000 Israeli troops, in Haris road. It said two jeeps and whom were injured, later with- June 1985 after it withdrew most

Thatcher retains key ministers and recalls disgraced aide

garet Thatcher, embarking on her third term, on Saturday named a new cabinet, firing a top liberal and bringing back an ally dropped in a sex scandal nearly four years ago.

In addition, Norman Tebbit, the Conservative Party chairman who masterminded Mrs. Thatcher's victory in Thursday's general election, has resigned from the cabinet, an announcement from the prime minister's 10 Downing Street office said.

Two other cabinet ministers went, Lord Hailsham, the 79year-old Lord Chancellor, England's chief law officer, and Agricult e Secretary Michael Jopling. They were replaced by promotions from within the previous 22-member cabinet.

No reason was immediately given for the resignation of Mr. Tebbit, 56, whose wife was paralysed from the neck down during a 1984 bombing by the Irisb Republican Army (IRA) in an

AMMAN (J.T.) - His Majesty King Hussein has congratulated British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher on her Conservative Party's victory in last Thursday's elections and her reelection as prime minister of Britain.

Following is the text of the congratulatory cable that the King sent Mrs. Thatcher, It is dated June 12.

"May I extend to you my warmest congratulations on the overwhelming vote of confidence which you have again received, as the prime minister and leader of the Conservative Party, from the people of the United Kingdom.

success in a brighter, happier, more prosperous future as well as in your noble endeavours for a secure and peaceful world for all of

congratulating her on her victory in the election.

Thatcher.

extramarical affair with his thenpregnant secretary, was named energy secretary in place of Peter

attempt to assassinate Mrs. majority left intact the key portfolios of foreign affairs, defence Cecil Parkinson, 55, who quit and finance in forming her new

ministerial team. Mr. Walker, who was down-

Mrs. Thatcher, rriumphantly re-elected for a third five-year

graded to secretary of state for Wales, was the last representative in the cabinet of the co-called "Weis" who have expressed reservations about Mrs. Thatcher's

Italian elections begin today

ROME (Agencies) - After a bltter but listless campaign, Italians vote Sunday and Monday in an early general election that features a hattle between the long-dominant Christian Democrats and the largest Communist Party in the West.

Polls show both political giants losing ground, with former Premier Bettino Craxi's Socialists making gains. But the makeup of the next government, Italy's 47th since the end of World War II, is still anybody's guess-

he held for a post-war record of more than 3½ years.

have headed all but two of Italy's post-war governments, hope to maintain their position as the nation's dominant party and move back into the premier's office.

The Communists, Italy's number two party, are seeking to surpass the Christian Democrats and end their 40-year shutout

voting patterns, the vote in itself is not expected to determine the makeup of the next cubinet. Because nn party has a parliamentary majority, Italy is governed

A strong showing at the polls gives a party leverage in the post-election negotiations to determine who will be the coalition partners and who gets the premiership. Politicians say this bargaining could take months.

At stake in the voting are 630 seats in the Chamber of Deputies and 315 seats in the senate. Italy's 45.5 million eligible voters will choose from among 34 parties and 10.912 candidates, including

a record 1,400 women. The latest opinion poll, published on Wednesday, indicated the Christian Democrats (DC). who have been in all 46 governments since the war, would get only 26.4 per cent of the vote and put the Communists ahead with

watershed, a weakening of the policy issues.

Barring any major shifts in DC and a government with our pariy in opposition," DC leader Ciriaco de Mita said in an interview published Saturday in the pro-Catholic newspaper Avve-

> "The alternative of the left has never been so close as in this election," he said.

> The election is taking place a year early following an intractable political crisis which shattered a five-party coalition of Socialists, Christian Democrats and three smaller parties last

March. Campaigning officially ended at midnight Friday night with party leaders appealing to the 45 million voters to turn out in force for what they say will be one of the most critical tests in four

decades. Opinion polls and all newspap-

ers predict a record number of abstentions, with voters apparently disillusioned by the recriminations that have spilled over from the eight-week crisis "The risk is that there will be a into a campaign largely devoid of

U.S. and Saudis discus-

zone where Iraq previously had attacked ships. But the report, based on an investigation in the Gulf by com-Soviet boxers knock out

mittee staffers and on committee bearings, said there was no doubt about the location of Stark. "All the coordinates fall within two miles of one another - and all place Stark at least 12 miles

WASHINGTON (R) - The Ira- 10 miles inside the war zone, which was declared by Iran early in the nearly seven-year old Iran-Iraq war. Iraq considers any vessel inside the zone to be subject

to attack. "The Iraqi explanation — plac-ing Stark's location well within the Iranian war zone - is facetious at best," the congressional report said.

It said this could be a bid to suggest the Stark is "responsible in part for the fate that befell it and that fult hlame should not fall upon Iraq." The Iraqi explanation does

not improve confidence in Bagh-dad's publicly stated effort to be cooperative in the investigation," the report added. Iran has said any non-Iranian vessels operating in its declared

exclusion zone, which encompas-

ses about half the Gulf's waters. Iraqi tactics, this was an accident are subject to attack by it. Iraq thus assumes any vessels in that zone are helping the enemy and are fair game for Iraqi attack - basically the explanation it gave for what happened to

> the Stark. Despite dissatisfaction with this explanation, the house committee, which did not visil Iraq, accepted Baghdad's statement that the attack was a case of mistaken identity.

> "The Iraqi attack was almost certainly inadvertant," it said, basing this conclusion on "political realities." It also said that since the expo-

sure of elandestine U.S. arms

sales to Iran, "the Iraqi government had the Reagan administration in a difficult position." "Baghdad was moving to ex-

outside Iraq-declared war zone ploit that fact, repeatedly pointing out that Washington owed Iraq for its treachery. The Stark incident destroyed that political advantage," the report said. The committee report said Ira-

qi pilots rarely if ever try to visually identify a target, even during daylight attacks.
"The pilot was firing at a radar blip with no way of knowing the

nationality or type of vessel he was firing at," it said. The committee stressed that the report was preliminary because the panel had been unable to interview four key officers of the Stark who declined to meet them pending a full U.S. navy

review. But the Stark's captain, Glenn Brindel, gave new details in a

written statement He said he left the hridge and headed for the frigate's electronic combat information centre at about 9 p.m. after being told the Iraqi aircraft was about 200 kilometres away and heading towards the ship.

the toilet. "I paused at my desk momentarily to look at some paperwork and heard and felt the first hit," he added.

He stopped at his cahin to use

9:10 p.m. The report said the Stark should have turned broadside to the Mirage to unmask all its equipment — radar and weapons - for maximum readiness. The Phalanx Gatling gun and

next month

Arab League committee on the Iran-Iraq war conferred on Fri-day with U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar and the. groups' spokesman later said the Security Council might meet early next month to adopt a resolution aimed at ending the conflict.

Maksoud, told reporters. He said the delegation was

The delegation comprised

A key resolution adopted in

Iran has hitherto boycotted the council on grounds it is biased in favour of Iraq.
Mr. Maksoud said the world

Vorontsov: U.S.

nol share common interests with the U.S. in any part of the world. from government.

King congratulates Thatcher

LONDON (Agencies) — Con-servative Prime Minister Mar-

"May I wish you and the people of the realm every continued

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai also sent a cable to Mrs. Thatcher

in 1983 when news broke of his

term on Thursday with a 101-seat uncompromising policics.

by coalitions.

Mr. Craxi, who resigned last March, wants to reclaim the job

The Christian Democrats, who

27.9 per cent.

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RDAY JUNE U

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Some American hostages, Waite reportedly transferred to Iran

BEIRUT (AP) — Some of the American hostages kidnapped in Lebanon have been transferred to Iran, where a powerful faction wants them put on trial, the weekly Lebanese magazine Ash Shiraa reported Saturday.

Terry Waite, the Anglican church envoy wbo has been missing in Lebanon since Jan. 20, was also transferred to Iran on two occasions for talks with Iranian officials, the semi-official daily newspaper Al Ittihad of Ahu Dhahi reported at the same

Mr. Waite had heen close to freedom but contacts with bim were broken off, Al Ittihad added, quoting unnamed British sources for its information. It did not clarify whether Mr. Waite was still in Iran, or whether he

had been taken back to Lehanon. Mr. Waite's disappearance has been a mystery as no group has so far claimed responsibility for abducting him.

It was oot clear whether there was any link between the report of Mr. Waite's transfer and the Ash Shiraa report that an Iranian factioo wants American hostages also transferred to Iran put on trial.

Ash Shiraa said the leader of the faction, Sheikh Hussein Ali Montazeri, "demands that the American hostages in particular be brought to trial, especially since some of them have already been taken to Iran." Montazori is the designated successor of fran's supreme ruler, Ayatollah Rubollah Khomeini.

"ASHINGTON (Agencies) —

. .ie United States has said it is

discussing with Saudi Arabia a

plan for expanded patrol of the

Gulf by AWACS surveillance air-

State Department spokes-

woman Phyllis Oakley said the

plan involved extending the pat-

rols "in a more southernly area of

sing with the Saudis but no deci-

sions have been made," she said.

intention of maintaining our

strong political, economic and

security ties with the Saudis." de-

spite the decision to "temporari-

ly" withdraw an administration

proposal to sell Saudi Arabia

1,600 Maveriek missiles, Ms.

President Reagan announced

Thursday he was shelving the sale

Several congressional oppo-

because of strong congressions.

nents said they opposed the sale

because of concern over a U.S.

plan to escort Kuwaiti oil tankers

ilying '.J.S. flags in the Gulf and because of Saudi Arabia's lack of

cooperation in intercepting the

Iraqi plane that fired missiles at

Ms. Oakley said the adminis-

tration planned to go "forward

the U.S. frigate Stark last month.

The United States bas "every

'This is an item we're discus-

the Gulf.

Oakley said.

opposition.

The American hostages already in Iran "are being subjected to thorough interrogations by the Iranian intelligence under the direct supervision of Minister of Security and Iotelligeoce Sheikh Mohammad Mohammadi Rey Shahri," the magazine said. Rey Shahri's official title is minister of information.

It was Ash Shiraa that first reported the secret U.S. arms sales to Iran io an effort to free American hostages last November.

The magazine attributed its latest ioformation on the hostages to unnamed "sources close to Montazeri's office" in Iran's holy city of Qom.

The magazine indicated that Montazeri and his followers reject the view of a top-level fiveman committee, formed by Khomeini, which wants to release the hostages in exchange for U.S.-made weapons.

Ash Shiraa reported last week that the special committee believed that "a settlement to the hostages' issue can he achieved only if the United States delivered to Iran weapons that had been purchased and paid for by Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi."

The late shah was toppled by Khomeini's Islamic Revolutioo in

with our policies in the Gulf

regioo," despite an action pre-cipitated by Congress which is

Published reports have said the

U.S. Defence Department hopes

to expand AWACS (airborne

warning and control system) pat-

rols over the entire length of the Gulf before U.S. warships start

escorting the Kuwaiti oil tankers

Any such expanded operation

would require Saudi approval be-

cause the planes are based in Saudi Arabia and would fly over

other Arab countries along the

The Defence Department

appareotly bopes to monitor air

and sea traffic across the entire

length of the Gulf to head off any

Iran has air and naval bases as

well as missile sites near the Strait

of Hormuz and has occupied part

of the Fao peninsula at the oppo-

Fitzwater said in West Berlin Friday that Mr. Reagan would

resubmit to Congress the missile

sale for Saudi Arabia but did not

George Shultz said Friday the

Meanwhile Secretary of State

Presidential spokesman Marlin

shipping bound for Knwait.

site end of the Gulf.

say when.

Gulf coast opposite Iran.

next month

the wrong signal to send.

U.S., Saudis discuss expanded AWACS patrol

The magazine had added that the committee consisted of Iranian President Ali Khamenei, Parliameot Speaker Hashemi Rafsanjani, Khomeioi's son, Ahmad, Revolutionary Guards Commander Mohsen Reda, and Guards Minister Rafiq-Doust.

The magazine said Montazeri represented "the revolution's logic" while Rafsanjani reflected 'the state logic" in Iran.

Hassan Sabra, Ash Shiraa's editor-publisber, said in an interview last week that the Iranians hold the key to the hostages."

They (the Iranian government) want money and arms. In no case can their Lebanese jailers take the decision to free them. Only Iran can do that," Sahra

Mr. Waite disappeared in Beirut whilst on a mission to oegotiate with a pro-Iraoian group holding two Americans

Al Ittihad said Mr. Waite was flown to Tehran for talks with Mr. Rafsanjani while "intensive contacts" were under way between the Anglican Church and Iran for the release of British hostages held in Lehanon.

Al Ittihad said sources close to Mr. Waite's family said following his meetings with Mr. Rafsanjani the Iranian leader "made positive steps," toward freeing the Anglican envoy. But Mr. Rafsanjani suddenly ended his contacts before final agreement could be reached, the paper added.

Al Ittihad gave no indication whether the reported progress

Saudi Arabians have been unfair-

ly criticised for their response in

well," Mr. Sbultz told reporters

during a flight from Iceland to

"There was a lot of misin-

formation about Saudi Arabia at

the time of the Stark tragedy

insofar as what Saudi Arabia did

and didn't do," Mr. Sbultz said,

Mr. Sbultz's remarks followed

dealer questioned

the mysterious death of

announcement it was dropping; tect their anspace.

Death of Iranian arms

by one day the White House

attacks by Iran, which has LOS ANGELES (AP) - Con- the U.S. arms-for-hostages deal

threatened to continue attacks on gressio al investigators are ex- with Iran was disclosed. The

an Iranian weapons dealer who

tried to participate in President

Ronald Reagan's administra-

tion's arms sales to Iran, a news-

The Los Angeles Times quoted

unidentified sources in Washing-

ton and London as saying a Sen-

ate investigator bas made two

trips to England to inquire about

the death of Cyrus Hashemi.

The 47-year-old Hashemi died on July 21, three months before

paper reported Saturday.

They performed perfectly

the Iraqi attack on Stark.

toward Mr. Waite's release had been blocked by the hard line Iranian faction that Ash Shiraa says wants the American hostages

Ash Shiraa had reported last week that Iran also wanted the United States to release Iranian assets frozen in American banks.

The United States has already paid Iran \$451 million of an estimated \$3.6 hillion in frozeo assets, as ordered by a U.S.-Iranian tribunal in The Hague. The transfer of the funds was completed last month.

The French, who also have nationals beld bostage, last November handed over \$330 million to Iran in part payment of a \$1-billioo loan made by the shah

Talks about repayment of the rest of the loan, plus another \$1 billioo the Iranians are claiming in interest, have deadlocked.

The Americans and the French have repeatedly stressed that the financial problems are oot linked to the hostage issue. Mr. Rafsanjani bas declared several times in recent months bowever that Iran would be prepared to intervene on the hostages if the United States released Iranian assets frozen by

A total of 24 foreigners are missing in Lehanon, believed kidnapped since 1985.

They are eight Americans, six Frenchmen, three Britons, two West Germans, one Italian, one Irishman, one South Korean, an Indian and two unidentified.

plans to sell Maverick anti-tank

Part of the opposition in Con-

gress focused on criticism of the

Saudis for not intercepting an

Iraqi jet fighter shortly before it

mittee on Wednesday that the

Saudis acted within a long-stand-

death was officially attributed to

a rare and virulent form of

lenkemia diagnosed only two

A U.S. government informant

who worked with the arms dealer

said that customs service officials

told him Hasbemi may have been "bumped off" to protect the

secrecy of the Iran initiative, the

Hasbemi's relatives suspect

Times' sources said.

foul play.

days before Hashemi died.

missiles to Saudi Arahia.

attacked the Stark.

inviting big powers into Gulf

Iran warns

Kuwait

against

PEKING (R) — Iran's foreign minister said Sunday that Kowait had miscalculated by inviting the superpowers to protect its oil tankers and that they would pay a penalty for becoming involved.

Ali Akbar Velayati, in Peking on a stop-over on his way bome from a South-South conference in North Korea, told a news conference that Kuwait thought that security in the Gulf, where Iran has been at war with Iraq since 1980, would be restored hy the coming of the superpowers.

"Kuwait bas miscalculated. The coming of the superpowers contributed to the escalation of tension in the area and the superpowers themselves will become entangled, resulting in damage and problems for them," he said.

The New China News Agency quoted President Li Xiannian as telling Mr. Velayati during their meeting Saturday that the two superpowers had takeo advantage of the situation, "making the turbulent Gulf situation even more complicated and tense.

"There is a danger the Iran-Iraq war might be internationalised which China is very con-

cerned about," be said.
"China bolds that problems in the Gulf region should be solved hy countries along the Gulf coasts through consultation without outside interference," be said. The United States has said it

will allow 11 Kuwaiti tankers to sail under American flags and have the protection of the U.S. navy. Kuwait has chartered Soviet tankers and has asked China to lease Chinese oil tankers or to have Kuwaiti oil tankers registered in China.

Mr. Velayati said be bad not discussed the Kuwaiti request in the talks with Mr. Li or other Chinese officials. Peking has said it is studying the request.

Assistant Secretary of State Richard Murphy had told the Mr. Velayati said that Iran had Senate Foreign Relations Comnot received weapons "directly or indirectly" from China and denied reports in newspapers in ing informal arrangement to pro-Kuwait and Abu Dhabi that the two countries had signed deals to exchange weapons for oil or were involved in joint projects to make tanks or weapons in Iran.

"We bave been able to meet our needs in armaments from any place except Israel and South Africa," be said. The sources of arms include

hose left by the former govern ment and those made locally and bought on the free market. He said there were more than 60,000 Iraqi prisoners of war now in

He said the war would go on as long as the government in Baghdad remained in power. Mr. Li said China supported all

actions favourable to maintaining the security and free navigation in the Gulf and opposed any involvement by big powers.

Permanent Security Council members working on resolution to end Gulf war

NEW YORK - A carrot-and cause it considers both :. stick resolution aimed at stopping biased. The U.N. bas never the 6½-year Iran-Iraq war is being hammered out behind closed doors by the five permaoent members of the United Nanons Security Council.

To speed the peace-seeking process, the big five of 15-mem-ber Council — the United States, Soviet Uoion, Britain, China, and France - have been trying to work things out in unofficial sessions. They are apparently aiming for a single resolution incorporating two approaches, one conciliatory and the other punitive:

— A peace-pipe offering by Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar intended to wheedle Iran into ending its boycott of the Council (Tehran has refused to participate in U.N. proceedings or ahide by U.N. resolutions be-

branded Iraq as the aggressor for its initial attack on Iran.) - A watered-down version of

a tough U.S. resolution aimed at clamping an international arms embargo on Iran. (The U.S. resolution would have required all countries to respond automatically if either Iran or Iraq refused to abide by a U.N. resolution. It failed to gain Council support because most felt it would simply stiffen Iran's position.)

The secretary-general's bloeprint, first presented to the belligerents in 1985, calls for: An immediate ceasefire.

- A halt to attacks on civilians. -An end to the use of chemic-

al weapons. - Freedom of navigation in

- Freedom from attack for ports, barbours, berths, and other shipping facilities.

- Freedom of civil aviation. - An exchange of war pris-

- Withdrawal to international houndaries.

- A programme of reconstruction for both countries (with an implicit suggestion of repara-

An even-banded arms emhargo against both Iran and

An ad hoc committee to: consider the causes of the war. The Council has adopted 10 resolutions and nearly a dozen statements on the Iran-Iraq war. Iran has considered all of them hiased in favour of Iraq - The Christian Science Monitor.

British medics of Beirut camps honoured

LONDON (R) - Queen Elizaheth honoured two British medics Saturday for their work in Beirut at a Palestinian camp besieged by Shi'ite Muslim Amal militiamen for more than five

English surgeon Pauline Cutting, 35, was made an officer of the Order of the British Empire on returned home two months

Wighton, 27, became a member of the same order (MBE).

The awards, which have honorific status only and are mainly recommended by the government for patronage and reward, were announced in the queen's birthday honours list.

Dr. Cutting and Nurse Wight-(OBE) and Scottish nurse Susan ago, describing how rats had

gnawed the flesh of refugees in the Burj Al Barajneh camp while women and children trying to bring in food for starving inmates

became targets for snipers.

During the long siege, food supplies to the camp were halten by Amal. The two medics wereforced to eat dogs to survive and saw refugees cooking and eating. cats and rats.

Tunisian Communists start 3-day congress

TUNIS (R) — The opposition Tunisian Communist Party started its first legal congress for 25 years by accusing the government of restricting trade unions and press freedom.

Communist Party leader Mobammad Harmel, wbo opened the three-day meeting Friday night, also accused the authorities of repression and called for political pluralism. He denounced the recent suspension of his party's newspaper, Al Tariq Al Jadid (New Path).

In a two-hour speech, be criticised the "absence of a repre-

leadership of the country's largest union, the General Union of Tunisian Workers, was ousted last year after a bitter government-union struggle.

He also condemned the anthorities for establishing a buman rights body last month to rival the Tunisian League for the Defence of Human Rights, which has close ties with the opposition. Its secretary-general, Khemais Chemari, was arrested in April and is facing charges of spreading false information...

The Communist Party bas tical purposes.

ioined other opposition groups in condemning a recent wave of arrests of leaders and supporters of the Islamic Tendency Movement (MTI), which Tunisian newspapers say total some: 250 people, including MTI leader Rached Ghannouchi.

Mr. Harmel accused the authorities of repression, but echoing some of the government's concern at Iranian influence on Muslim radicals, he said: We are conscious of all the dangers of using rebgion for poli-

U.N. set to halt Cypriot women's march

NICOSIA (R) — U.N. peacekeepers said Saturday they would prevent a planned march Sunday by Greek-Cypriot women across the ceasefire line into Turkish-controlled Northern Cyprus. Control of the buffer zone is a

U.N. responsibility... this zone is between military ceasefire lines and our job is to prevent incidents. Our practice is to escort out anyone who enters it." U.N. spokesman Charles Gaulkin told

The women, many of them efugees ousted from their homes by invading Turkish forces in the march, but in muted tones, as 1974, said they were determined the women are widely seen as to cross the "green line" and courageous, if foolhardy. demonstrate at Ankara's embassy Turkish-Cypriot official in Northern Nicosia against partition and for freedom of move-

Turkey is alone in recognising the breakaway North Cyprus

possible trouble if the women

confront Turkish troops, has refused to approve the march. "We bave made efforts to avert

ernment advice or approval. Government officials are privately worried they might have to order Greek-Cypnot forces into

action to defend the women if the U.N. effort to contain them fails. The main Communist and right-wing opposition parties

have also indicated disapproval of Turkish-Cypriot officials bave

said they would act within the law against the women if they enter Turkish-controlled territory. Inci Tuccaroglu, leader of the

women's branch of the ruling National Unity Party in Northern The Greek Cypriot-run Cyprus Cyprus, issued a call in newspap-government, concerned about ers Saturday for Turkisb-Cypriot women to stage a counter-demon-

stration in North Nicosia Sunday. - Women taking part in the planned march from the south say this kind of demonstration," gov-ernment spokesman Petros Vos- and how they plan to penetrate the women bad not sought goy I II.N. plans to stop them.

The zone stretches 230 kilometres across the island and shrinks from six kilometres wide in open country to three metres at ... its narrowest in central Nicosia not far from the only authorised crossing point between north and : sonth.

Eight American congressmen sent a telegram of support to the marchers, who expect to be joined by sympathisers from women's groups overseas.

"We sincerely bope that the women walk bome march across. the green line will achieve what the world's greatest powers, inable to accomplish — the peaceful re-union of Cyprus," the telegram said.

GENERAL

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NIGHT DUTY

Overscas calls

Dr. Mohammad Ajam Dr. Khaleel Abdo

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Firas Pharmacy
Firas Pharmacy
Hinnawi pharmacy
Khalaf pharmacy
Al Ferdows pharmacy

AMMAN:

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE

15:50 .	Programme Review
L5:55 .	Children's programme
17:00 .	Give Me a &rake
17:40 .	World Alive
	Local Agricultural programme
18-30 .	Arabic series
19:30 .	Local programme
19:50	Programme review
20:00 .	News in Arabic
20:30	Arabic series
	Faces and Events (Arabic)
	Local variety programme
23-00	News Summary in Arabic
23-10	

Napoleon aventures historiques (leature film)

News in French

...... News in Hebrev News in Arabic

Growing Pains Conquest News in English RADIO JORDAN

PROGRAMME TWO

IMDIO JONDAN
855 KHL, AM & 99 MHz, FM
& partly on 9560 KHz. SW
Tel: 774111-19
07-00 Field \$6!
07:00 Light Music 07:30 Newsdesl
07:30
10:00 News Summary
10:05 Pop Session
11:30 lo Concer
12:00 News Summary
12:05 Pop Tali
12:05 Pop Tali 13:00 News Summary
L3:05 Pop Session contd
14:09 News Builetic
· 14:19 Instrumentak
14:30 Science Report
1S:00 Concert How
16:00 News Summary
16:05
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Listeners' Choice 18:00 News Summary
18:05 Jazz Hom
19:09
15:30 Date with a Star
28:09 Evening Show
21:09 News Summary
21:05 Evening Show continued
TING LACINITE SHOW COMMITTEE

22:09 Evening Show continue 23:00 News Summary 23:57 News Headline

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 730, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Gershwio Among Friends 07:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial Review 00:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Cantabile 08:45 Letter from America 09:00 Newsdesk 09:30 Choirs of Britain 10:00 World News 10:09 24 of Britain 10:00 World News 10:09 24 Hours: News Summary 10:30 From Our Own Correspondent 10:50 Waveguide 10:00 World News 11:09 Reflections 11:15 The Pleasure's Yours 12:00 World News 12:09 British Press Review 12:15 Through My Window 12:45 The Raciog Game 13:00 News Summary; Short Story 13:15 From Our Own Correspondent 13:30 Religious Service 14:00 World News 14:09 It's Your World 14:55 News About Britain Service 14:00 World News 14:09 It's Your World 14:55 News About Britain 15:00 News Summary; Revenge 15:15 Prompt 15:30 Play of the Week: Intimate Exchanges 16:00 World News 16:09 24 Hours: News Summary 16:30 Mirrored in Music 16:45 The Sandy Jones Request Show 17:30 How He Lied to Her Husband 18:00 Radio Newsreel 18:15 International Recital 19:00 World News 19:09 Commentary 19:15 Open Door Policies 19:45 Letter from America 28:00 World News 20:09 Reflections 20:15 Meridian 20:45 Sports Roundup 21:00 Newsdesk 21:30 Brain of Britain 1987 22:00 News Summary; Classical Record Review 22:15 Alphabetical Order

VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 1174, 11925 and 15210 Hz

06:00 News 06:10 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 VOA Morning 08:00 News 68:10 VOA Morning 09:00 News 69:10 VOA Morning 18:00 News 13:10 New Hurizons 10:30 Studio One 19:00 News 19:10 Encounter 19:30 Special English News & Features 20:00 News 20:10 Critie's Choice 20:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 Encounter 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:00 News 22:10 Sunday Report 22:30 Music, USA Standards 23:00 News & Editorial 23:10 The Concert Hall 24:00 News 24:10 New Horizons 24:30 Studio One

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

TODAY'S EVENTS

An art exhibition by Lebanese artist Jan Turk at the Petra Bank Gallery — Wadi Saqra.

An exhibition of Arab calligraphy by Nidal Tabbal at the Jordanian plastic artists association (until June 20).

* The annual art exhibition by the ministry of labour handicapped and social welfare centres at the Profes-sional Associations Complex (until June 15)

* An exhibition of artists artists' prints at the British Council (until June 18)

CULTURAL CENTRES

COLICILIE CENT	
Royal Cultural Centre Tel.	661026/7
American Centre	644371
American Centre Library	- 641 520
British Council	636147/8
French Cultural Centre	637000
Goethe Institute	611991
Soviet Cultural Ceotre	64.1203
Spanish Cultural Centre	674040
Turkish Cultural Centre	620777
Haya Arts Centre	445105
Hussein Youth City	4471014
Y.W.C.A.	641700
VWM A	041793
Y.W.M.A.	004251
Amman Municipal Library	637111
Univ. of Jordan Library	843555
A STICENY DEC	

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.
Folklore Maseum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaic from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Maseum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qafa (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9:00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official bolidays 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.).

Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128. Mantayas' Manuelal (Millians)

GM128.
Martyrs' Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Int. 1:30 p.m.
Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammou Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings ranneching Rotary Chan. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Class. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Am-mao. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church Jabal Amman, Tel Church of the Am Catholic) Jabal 637440. De la Salle Church Jabal Hussein, Te Terrasanta Chard Jabal Luweibdeh, guage, meet every p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the An Orthodox) Abdali, Armenian Ca Tel. 771331. Tel. 771531.

Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh. Tel. 775261.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh. Tel. 771571.

Ammana International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Paratist School in Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern (Interdenominational): me

Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534.

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) flights (Terminal 1)

	to the second se
RCHES	12:45 Kuwaii (LN)
.0	13:20 Cairo (MS)
	13:30 Jeddab (SV)
(Roman Catholic)	13:49 Muscat, Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)
manciation (Roman	14:35 Kuwait (KU)
Loweibdeh, Tel.	15:90 Dubai (EK)
	J7:30 Baghdad (IA)
(Roman Catholic)	17:35 Athens (OA)
i. 661757.	19:10 Frankfurt (LH)
(Roman Catholic). mass in Italian lan-	00:45 London, Cairo (BA)
y Saturday at 5:30	DEPARTURES
,	Royal Jordanian (RJ) (lights
munciation (Greek	(Terminal 1)
Church of the Re-	08:99 Agaba (RJ)
nman, Tel. 625383.	11:00 Doha (sdd.) (RJ)
Church Ashrafieh.	12:39 Vienna, New York (RJ)

AIRPORT

This inf	or austron	is subbli	ed by Ro	72
Jordani	III (KU)	miormat	ion depa	17-
			aternation	
should a	always b	e verified	5. where !	it
ADDEZ				

10:38	Kuwaii (R.
10:55	Doha, Bahrain (R.
	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (R.
11:45	Jeddah (R.
	London (R.
	Dohs (add.) (R.
	Cairo, Agaba (R.
15:50	New York, Amsterdam (R.
19:00	Paris (R.
	Frankfurt (R.
	Brussels, Geneva (R.
	Los Angeles, Chicago, Viene
	(RJ)
	Madrid, Rome (R.
00:55	Baghdad (R.
Othe	r flights (Terminal 2)

...... Berlin, Larresca (IF)

(GF)	Italian lira
14:35 Kuwait (KU)	Japanese yea (for 100) 234.2/ 236.3
15:90 Dubai (EK)	Swedish crown
J7:30 Baghdad (1A)	Swiss franc
17:35 Athens (OA)	
	U.K. sterling pound 556.5/ 562.1
19:10 Frankfurt (LH)	U.S. dollar 337.3/ 340
90:45 London, Cairo (BA)	W. German mark 185.8/ 187.9
DEPARTURES	
Royal Jordanian (RJ) (lights	WEATHER
(Terminal 1)	
08:00 Aqaba (RJ)	Balletin supplied by the Department of
11:00 Doha (sdd.) (RJ)	Meteorology.
12:39 Vienna, New York (RJ)	
12-09 Tunis, Casablanca (R.f)	It will be fair, with northwesterly
13:30 Cairo (RJ)	moderate winds. In Agaba, winds will
28:35 Knwait (RJ)	be northerly moderate and calm sea.
2005	be nottherly moderate and cann sea.
26:45 Dubai, Muscai (RJ)	
28:50 Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (RJ)	Min/max. temp.
28:55 Baghdad (RJ)	Amman 12 / 27
21:90 Larmaca (RJ)	Aqaba
TI-12 C-100	December 16 / 22

22:30 Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ) 23:00 Bangkok (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

FOR THE TRAVELLER

meot.

u	67:00	Damascus, Paris (AF)
! -	09:38	Beirut (ME)
u	10:30	Rome (AZ)
it	I1:20	Laruaca, Berlin (1F)
	14:00	Tripoli (LN)
	14:05	Cairo (MS)
	15:00	Bahrain, Abu Dhabi, Muscat
		(GF)
	15:00	Jeddah (SV)
	15:35	
n	16:00	Dubai (EK)
ń	18:20	Athens (OA)
	18:30	Athens (OA) Baghdad (IA) Sana'a (I.H)
ń	20:00	Sana'a (1 H)

06:20 Frankfurt (LH)

PRAYER TIMES

05:26

16:16

MONEY EXC	HANG	E
Sati	urday i	rates
Local sell/bu	y rates i	in fils
Belgian franc	89.9/	91.4
Dutch guilder	165/	166.7
French Iranc	55.71	56.3
Italian lira	25.7/	
Japanese yen (for 100)	234.2/	236.5
Swedish crown	53.7/	54.2
Swiss franc		227
U.K. sterling pound		562.7
U.S. dollar	337.3/	
W. German mark		

WEATHER

Meteorology.	
It will be fair moderate winds. be northerly mod	, with northwesterly In Agaba, winds will terate and calm sea.
Amman	Min./max. temp.
Agaba	22 / 35
Deserts	16/32
Inches Valley	19 / 33

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

EMERGENCIES

Amman governorate	891228
Amman Civil Defence	198, 199
Civil Defence Irbid 27	1293, 273131
Civil Defence Onweismeh	770733
Civil Defence Deir Alla	57306
Ambulance	107 775111
Amman downtown fire brig	ade 198
First aid	630341
Blood Bank	778303
Civil Defence rescue	661111
Fire beadquarters	622000.3
POLICE RESCUE 192, 621	111.637777
Police beadquarters	639141
rame pouce	896390/1
Electric Power Co. 6363	RI/4. 624881
Municipal water complaint	771125/8
Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amo. 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amo. 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. 64241/2 Jabal Amman Maternity 642362 Maihas, J. Amman 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 345845/65 Al-Mussher Hospital 667227/9 The Islamie, Abdali 667227/9 The Islamie, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieb 777111/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieb 777111/3 Oueen Alia Hospital 602240/50 Amal Hospital 674155	TAXIS: AI Abram taxi 663911 Venecia taxi 664384 Palestine taxi 671473 Shmeisani taxi 665294 Mehyar taxi 644574 Khayyam taxi 841577 Jordan taxi 623650 Asem taxi 844503 IRBID: Dr. Ali Omari 272032 ZARQA: Dr. Sajah Safarini 987566 AI Salch pharmacy ————————————————————————————————————
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Salah Safarini

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Upperflower price in fils per kg. Appricot	Mallow Marrow Onion (dry) Orange (local) Okra Peas Peas Peaclies Pepper (lsot) Pepper (sweet) Potato Raddish Sweetmelon Toustoes Vine leaves	180 / 120 120 / 80 170 / 120 650 / 550 300 / 240 250 / 750 220 / 160 250 / 160
Garlic (dry)	Vine leaves	າຄົ / ການ
Lemon 150 / 100	Watermelon Transmitter	60 / 120

MARKET PRICES

Upperflower price in fils per kg. Appricot	Mallow 90 / 60 Marrow 180 / 120 Onion (dry) 120 / 80 Orange (local) 179 / 120 Okra 650 / 550 Peas 300 / 240 Peapper (lot) 220 / 160 Pepper (sweet) 220 / 160 Protato 120 / 80 Raddish 120 / 80 Sweetnelon 120 / 80 Tourstoes 90 / 60 Vine leaves 350 / 300 Watermelon 166 / 125

King voices appreciation for performance of R.J.

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Saturday voiced his appreciation of the role of the Royal Jordanian (RJ) airline in linking Jordan with sister Arab states and friendly nations, and urged the airline's staff to double their efforts for serving their country and countrymen.

The King was speaking during a visit to the Royal Jordanian's headquarters in Amman during which he met with the airline's

president. Ali Ghandour, who presented a briefing to the King on the airline's situation in general and its programmes in the

Mr. Ghandour spoke about the airline's operations, programmes for modernising the airline's fleet and expansion of Royal Jordanian of air routes as well as its endeavours to stimulate tourism

Assad briefs U.S. group on education system

AMMAN (J.T.) - Minister of Jordan and the role universities Higher Education Nassereddine Al Assad met here Saturday with Mr. David Kennedy, U.S. amhassador at large, and a delegation of teachers from American universities, including the president of Brigham Young Uni-

versity in Utah. They reviewed education in

and community colleges play in developing education in the

Dr. Assad also spoke about the role played by the Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research (Al al Bait Foundation) and its objectives and prog-

Jordan, Iraq and Egypt discuss joint company

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan, Iraq and Egypi Saturday opened meetings in Amman to discuss steps for the establishment of the Arab Maritime Bridge Company (AMBC) to operate a land-sea

Under secretaries of the ministries of transport in Jordan, Iraq and Egypi, Mu'taz Al Bilbeisi. Ghassan Radwan and Mohammad Barqouqi accompanied by senior aides are conducting the talks at the Ministry of Transport

The meeting will be devoted to steps to be taken for bringing the project into being and the commencement of actual work, Mr. Bilbeisi said.

The projected company will undertake maritime transport operations, carrying passengers and goods from Nuweibeh in Sinai to Aqaba in Jordan and vice versa, thus linking the Arab orient with the Northern African Arab states: Mr. Bilbeisi said.

Following the initial meeting Saturday, the Egyptian delegate Mr. Barqouqi said that the pro-

jected company is bound to bolster inter-Arab cooperation and boost trade and tourism in the region. The projected company, which will have a \$7 million capital. will commence operations in six months time and start transporting goods and passengers between Nuweiheh and Aqaba, Mr.

At present, Egypt and Jordan have their own national shipping lines operating between Aqaba and Nuweibeh. But. Mr. Bilbeisi said that once the tripartite company has been set up a new joint company comprising officials from the three countries will then

Since the inauguration of the Nuwcibeh-Aqaha land-sea route in April 1985, a total of one million passengers have crossed between the two ports and more than 39,000 vehicles have been ferried between Agaba and

route linking the three countries through the port city of Aqaba.

Barqougi said.

He said that the company will have its headquarters in Amman and will operate under the supervision of the three countries.

8 education directors transferred to other posts

Education Thougan Al Hindawi director of the minister's office; has transferred eight directors of Dr. Izzat Jaradat, director of education from their present posts appointing three of them as cultural attaches at Jordan's embassies in Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates and Bahrain.

Other appointments include ministry.

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Dr. Farah Rabadi who, named development and studies; Mr. Tayseer Rashid Arafa, director of education in Zarqa; Mr. Suleiman Sala, director of education in Ailoun, and Mr. Ahmad Agel, director of financial auditor at the

NEWS IN BRIEF

Embassy marks Queen Elizabeth's birthday

AMMAN (J.T.) - The British ambassador to Jordan, Mr. John Coles, Saturday hosted a reception at his residence on the occasion of the birthday of Queen Elizabeth of Britain. It was attended by senior officials, members of the diplomatic community and invited guests.

University to graduate students

AMMAN (Petra) — The 22nd batch of the University of Jordan students will be graduated today Sunday under the Royal patronage at the Al Hussein Sports City Stadium. The graduation is part of the university's celebrations to mark the 25th anniversary of its establishment. This batch, comprising 2,650 graduates, includes 2,252 holders of B.A. degree, 157 holders of M.A. degree, 43 holders of diplomas, 3 bolders of Ph.D., and 195 holders of diploma in vocational specialisations. The first batch of holders of Ph.D. in Arabic will be graduated.

1,000 fruit trees burn down

JERASH (J.T.) — More than 1,000 fruit trees were hurnt in a fire that spread across 2,000 dunums of land in Jerash district on Friday. Civil defence officials said that the fire spread quickly after a farmer had set fire to dry grass and thorns in his farm. Olive, almond, lemon, and apple trees were among those burnt in the orchard, according to the Civil Defence Department authorities, who rushed fire fighters to the area from Irbid, Mafraq and Jerash. A large number of local inhabitants also took part in the fire fighting operations.

Arab ports group to meet in Syria

AMMAN (Petra) — The Federation of Arab Sea Ports will open a meeting in the Syrian city of Latakia on Sunday to discuss, among other subjects, the establishment of an Arab regional training centre in the management of ports, according to Mr. Eid Al Fayez, director general of the Jordanian Ports Corporation. Mr. Fayez was speaking before leaving for Syria to chair the meeting. He said that delegates will discuss the projected training centre which will be located in Aqaba and will also decide on the setting up of maritime industries.

CAA to train in U.S.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) will be taking part in training course for those working with aircraft equipment, which will be beld in the U.S. during the second half of this month. This is under an agreement signed between Jordan and the U.S. Federal Aviation Administration which is organising

Queen inaugurates Amra Park CAEU opens session with

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor on Saturay inaugurated Jabai Amman's Amra Park as part of Jordan's celebrations of Аппу Dav.

Amra Park, which is the largest in Amman covering 22,000 square metres, was converted into a public area and installed with complete park facilities by Greater Amman Municipality.

The park also houses the Friends of Children Club, which has been given a 700-square metre building by the municipality to serve as the club's new headquarters.

Her Majesty, accompanied by Greater Amman Mayor Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh, toured the park area which includes a children's playground, and then visited the current Friends of Children Club building, where she reviewed the cluh's upcoming activities during the summer holidays. Her Majesty also visited with the children and attended an outdoor puppet

Following the inauguration ceremony, the Queen visited the municipality's Basman Directo-

Students begin

AMMAN (J.T.) — Nearly

111,124 students go to examina-

tion halls in the East Bink of

Jordan today to start an eight-day

examination session following

completion of the secondary and

A spokesman for the Ministry

of Education which organised the

annual examinations said that a

total of 60,500 male and female

students who just completed the

preparatory stage will be taking

the admission examination for

the secondary stage, while the

rest are male and female students

who completed the secondary

stage, and will take the General

School Certificate (tawjihi) ex-

the preparatory school stages.

8-day exam



Her Majesty Queen Noor mangurates the Amra Park in Jahai Amman Saturday as part of Jordan's celebrations of Army Day. Accompanying the Queen is Greater Amman Mayor Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh (to the Queen's left) on a tour of the park (Petra photo).

rate, which will serve as a model dren's library, the activities hall for the branches that the municipality is planning to construct in order to extend its services to all regions of Greater Amman. Her Majesty toured the build-

for use by community members, and the health section.

The directorate has been operating since March 1, offering its services to 200,000 citizens of the ing's units. inspected the chil- area.

Queen to chair meeting for Jubilee School plan

AMMAN (J.T.) — Her Majesty Queen Noor will chair a meeting of the Juhilee School Higher Committee at the Noor Al Hussein Foundation on Sunday to review reports presented by the technical committees on the construction of the proposed school.

The Juhilee School is one of the Noor Al Hussein Foundanon's pioneer educational projects which seeks to develop the intellect and leadership potential of gifted young Jordanians as well as other students from the Arab World. The Jubilee School is expected to open its doors to

It was on Nov. 14, 1985, the King's jubilee, that the Noor Al under Royal patronage.

Hussein Foundation (NHF) announced that it was to establish a model secondary school for gifted students to he named the Jubilee School in honour of His Majesty King Hussein's commitment to education and in recognition of the great strides made by the country under his leadership.

At the time, the NHF announced that the school would provide outstanding students from Jordan and other Arab countries with the highest quality of education. At least 300 boys and 300 girls will be given education in the projected school which will be an autonomous institution

10-day symposium tackles problem of scarce resources in agriculture

By Nermeen Murad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Inder the natronage of Jordan's minister of agri-culture: Mr. Marwan Al Hrhoud, the Arab Organisation for Agri-cultural Development, in coop-eration with the Centre of Economic Development at the World Bank, opened Saturday a 10-day symposium on agricultural and World.

Dr. Hassan Juma, general manager of the Arab Organisa-rion for Agricultural Development, spoke at the symposium's npening, highlighting the organisation and its aims in the Arab

The organisation, in its capacity as a home for the Arab experience in the area of agriculture and food requirements for the Arab World, was the first to speak of the possible dangers in the agricultural sector and the need for food reserves in the Arab World," he said.

Dr. Juma also elaborated on the research done by agriculture experts in the organisation and the benefits they received from experts in other parts of the

As far as plans for the future, Dr. Juma pointed out several possible projects his organisation

making a study on the feasibility of establishing a marketing information centre for vegetables Mr. Honoud stressed the need for arms frames added that this all Arab countries to participate with be come in cooperation with in marketing products at the the Geneva-based Centre for West Bank and other occupied frade Development and with territories, since this would enfinancing from United Nations able "every Arab citizen to con-

appreciation to Jordan's minister from the occupied territories." of agriculture, for his patronising of the symposium's opening, and the ministry's cooperation by offering all possible services to

make the symposium a success. Mr. Hmoud in his speech at the close of the ceremony, thanked the organisation for holding the meeting in Jordan, which he said will "facilitate the solving of nutrition problems in our area.

Mr. Hmoud further explained that Jordan, where the agricultural resources available are scarce, "as result of hard and continuous effort to expand its production, has been able to cover, more or less, the need for these products in Jordan.

He cited for examples the pro-duction of vegetables at 182 per cent of demand, citrus fruits at 101 per cent, eggs at 111 per cent and poultry meat at 83 per cent of demand, but the added that there are still essential products which Jordan still has to find ways of

Arab World needs social security society — Farhan

AMMAN (Petra) — Social Security Corporation (SSC) Director Mahdi Al Farhan proposed Saturday the establishment of a pan-Arah society or a pan-Arah federation for social security that will work to develop social security regulations in the Arab World.

Dr. Farhan made the proposal in an address opening a symposium on the application of social security systems in the Arab

"We look forward to the creation of a pan-Arab system that provides security for Arab workers and citizens and ensures a better and more secure life for all people, and at the same time helps to lay the basis for social justice and a stronger Arab economy." Dr. Farhan said.

The symposium bas been organised by the SSC in cooperation with the Khartoum-based Arab centre for social security and is being attended by delegates from 11 Arab states.

to exchange views and to study new trends in protecting the social security rights of workers and in finding better ways for serving social security beneficiaries. Referring to the Jordanian So- people.

cial Security laws. Dr. Farhan said that they provide for equal rights for Jordanian and non-Jordanian workers without any discrimination. At present, a total of 417,000

workers are covered by the SSC law in Jordan of whom more than 100,000 are non-Jordanian workers, Dr. Farhan pointed out. He said that since the start of ap-plying the SSC law in Jordan in 1980, the corporation has paid compensation and pension to nearly I11,000 workers, half of whom were non-Jordanian

Dr. Farhan also referred to last month's decision by the govern-ment to expand the benefit of social security laws to businesses employing five or more workers in both private and public sectors and also to the earlier decision to include the Jordanian expatriates in the SSC law.

Mr. Salah Saraj, from the Arab centre for social security who is also director general of the Arab Labour Organisation, addressed Dr. Farhan urged the delegates the delegates afterwards underlining the importance of the symposium and the need for Arab states to promote the operations and programmes of their social security systems to cover all

"The organisation is currently increasing their production, such as wheat and red meat.

In the food marketing area, Development Programme tinue his or her steadfastness against Israel's policy which aims Dr. Juma expressed his sincere at evacuating Palestinian citizen

tough economic agenda

AMMAN (Petra) — The Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) opened its 47th ordinary ministerial session here Saturday with the participation of delegates from nine Arab countries to discuss Arab and international economic situations and proposals for overcoming the economic problems of the Arab World.

Naser Turky, chairman of the previous CAEU session, delivered a speech in which be reviewed the council's achievements during the past years and said that the council played a key role in supporting Arab economic

Mr. Turky called for studying the CAEU organisational structure to reduce expenditures and to improve efficiency in order to overcome the difficult financial circumstances facing the CAEU. He also thanked Jordan for its continuing support for the council.

The head of the Palestine delegation, Jaweed Al Ghussein, who is president of the Palestine National Fund and the council's chairman for the current session. reviewed the financial problems facing the council and called on Arab states to meet their financial commitments to the CAEU.

Mr. Ghussein pointed out the difficult economic situation facing the Arah World due to the sharp decline in the oil revenues and and Supply Rajai Muasher, head-

Iraqi Trade Minister Mahmoud called for taking steps to over-laser Turky, chairman of the come the financial problems to enable the council to go ahead with its mission.

CAEU Secretary General Mahdi Al Obeidi said that the council's 47th session is being held during a critical time in the economic and political future of the Arab World and the international community. He added that the decline in oil revenues has affected the economic and social development of all Arab countries. This decline, he said, has made it difficult for Arab countries to repay their foreign debts.

Speaking about the food situation in the Arah World, Mr. Obeidi said that Arab food security can be achieved only through a pan-Arab integrated plan which should form a central part of the joint Arab action programme. The CAEU secretary general also stressed the need for embarking on economic Arab blocs hy adopting the council's resolu-

Minister of Industry, Trade

ing Jordan's delegation to the meeting, delivered a speech in which he called on the conferees to work hard to remedy the current difficult situation at the CAEU in order to enable it to continue its task and achieve its goals. Dr. Muasher also called on participants to come up with adequate solutions that suits the difficult conditions facing the Arab World.

The agenda of the CAEU's two-day meetings includes a report on the current Arab and international economic situation, and proposals for solving the economic problems facing the Arab World through establishing Arab economic groups capable of facing challenges.

Participants are also discussing draft programme for tax coordination among the CAEU states, a draft project for invest-ing Arab capital within other Arah countries, and a system to increase credit facilities for export and import between Arab

Also being discussed is the council's financial situation which resulted from failure by member states to pay their financial commitments to the council. The financial commitments which have not been paid by member states so far amount to \$4.8 mil-

Iraqi minister discusses cooperation in communications, transport fields

tions Mohammad Al Zubeidi met eration in transport affairs. in Amman Saturday with Minisdine Al Husseini to discuss Iraqi-Jordanian cooperation in telegraphic and telephone fields.

The two ministers also reviewed ways for improving postal of directors of the Iraqi-Jordalinks and carrying out joint ventures to offer improved service to the peoples of Iraq and Jordan. Mr. Zubeidi who arrived here Thursday for meetings with Jordanian ministers and senior officials will on Sunday co-chair a general assembly meeting of the

portuganiad Dakhqan Tomorrow, Mr. Zubeidi will meet with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai. Transport company under

review

AMMAN (Petra) - Iraqi Minis- minister met with Mr. Dakhqan as remarkable and said should ter of Transport and Communica- to review Iraqi-Jordanian coop-

Mr. Dakhqan said that Jordan ter of Communications Muhied- and Iraq are continuing the process of developing bilateral relations not only in transport but all other fields. As the ministers met, the board

> nian Land Transport Company held a meeting to discuss the company's budget and plan of action and also to review a report on the company's general performance in the past year. The board is co-chaired by the

secretaries of the ministries of transport in Iraq and Jordan. Iragi-Jordanian - Land . Transport Company with Minister of Trans. Sapport in Gulf war

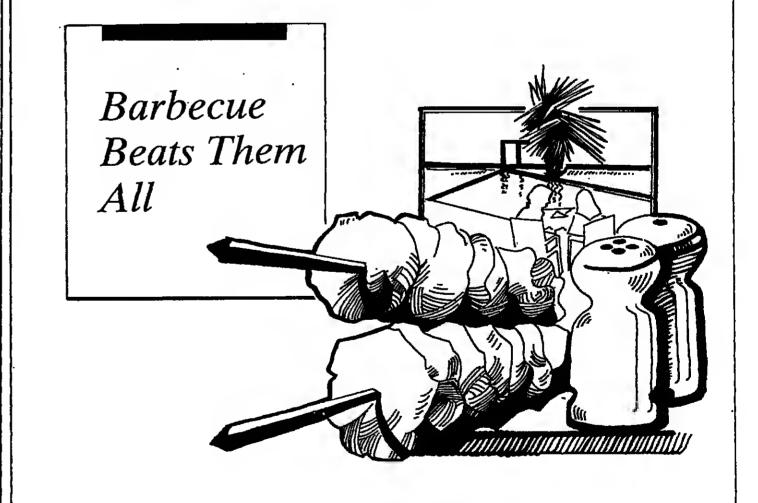
Following the meetings, the Iraqi minister made a statement

serve as an example for the rest of the Arab countries.

The minister referred to Jordan's continued support for Iraq in its war with Iran and voiced appreciation to the Jordanian government for providing facilities at Aqaba for the importation. of Iraqi goods.

During his current visit to Jordan, the minister said he has felt the genuine desire on the part of Jordanians to promote economic relations with all Arab states.

Referring to the fighting along the front, he said that all Iranian attempts to take the southern town of Basra have ended in : failure and that the Iranian forces have suffered heavy losses in men and equipment. The Iraqi armed to the Jordan News Agency, Pet-ra, in which be paid tribute to the homeland and to protect the strong relationship between Jor- Arab nation's dignity, the minis-



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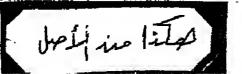
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By Dr. Fahed Fanek

an salah diga baran dari

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Jordan and Syria show the way

THE just-concluded visit to Jordan of Syrian Premier Abdul Raouf Al Kasm and the high-level delegation accompanying him has already been marked by successes on more than one front. First and foremost the visit came at a time when inter-Arab relations are in dire need of consolidation and improvement. And, it came in the wake of the official visit by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai to Damascus several weeks ago. The frequency of the exchange of visits between Amman and Damascus is in itself a positive sign and proof that the bridges constructed between the two capitals by His Majesty King Hussein and President Hafez Al Assad during their state visits to each other's capital over the past few years are strong and durable.

Important as the various subjects reviewed by the two sides during

the visit of Dr. Kasm to Amman are, an agreement on the subject of the projected Magaren Dum could very well become a milestone in Syrian-Jordanian relations. It is most gratifying to note that Prime Minister Rifai and his Syrian counterpart had devoted a good part of their time on this most vital subject and endeavour. Should the on-going talks between Syria and Jordan be crowned by a successful resolution of this giant national project, it will go down in the annals of contemporary Arab history as an epitome of sound, action-oriented decisions. The waters of the great Yarmonk River need to be put at the isposal of the general Arab weal and there is no better way to do so than for Jordan and Syria to jointly agree on the ways and means to exploit this vital source of Arab waters for the mutual interest and security of Jordan and Syria. Needless to add, a Syrian-Jordanian agreement on the Magaren Dam which is projected to provide a reservoir for some 486 million cubic metres of water would be in harmony with the letter and spirit of the Charter of Arab League and the objectives of the Arab Economic Union. Water security is even more important than energy security especially for the Arab World. Viewed from this perspective, securing water sources for the Arab countries is of strategic significance. Nothing would please us more, therefore, than to see the seal of consent by both countries on the Yarmouk-Magaren Dam deal as soon as possible.

This is not to belittle the other areas of possible cooperation between

the two countries which could include the fields of trade, agriculture, industry, electricity or communication and tourism - not to mention the already functioning joint-ventures such as the Jordanian-Syrian Land Transport Company, the Industrial Free Zone and the Syrian-Jordanian Bank. Tourism between the two countries is already developing at a fast pace. In this context we would like to recall the positive steps which were taken in the seventies to functionalise and modernise the border crossings between the two countries. We would very much like to see the Syrian-Jordanian border crossing be the eavy of the rest of the Arab World and an example to emulate. Svria and Jordan have now another opportunity to make the Arabs proud of being Arabs when crossing the borders of each others' countries. Security and custom concerns and considerations need not be sacrificed by efficient and well functioning border crossings. On the contrary, the two objectives can be easily reconciled with one another

for the betterment of each concern. in Jordan's quest to close Arab ranks and restore Arab solidarity. which is of paramount importance to the Arab World at this critical juncture in time. Jordan and Syrin are showing the way to the rest of the Arab family and it is our hope that other Arab states, from the maghreb to the mashrek, will rise above their differences and quarrels in the service of the Arab people everywhere.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Conflicting signals, interests

THE Soviet Union, renewed through Pravda newspaper, its readiness to contribute towards ending the Gulf war under the umbrella of the United Nations Security Council. In contrast, one cannot but note that the United States is intent on exploiting the conflict for its own purpose and interest. The United States wants to use this war as a pawn for spreading its hegemony and domination over the Gulf region. Now that Washington's efforts to enlist the collaboration of the European countries to take part in this adventure has failed, it has adopted a new course of action, designed to impose America's domination on the skies, declaring that the Gulf region will be under the therey of the AWACS planes. Needless to say that foreign begemony on the Gulf of any source cannot and will not put an end to the conflict, but would rather destabilise the whole region and undermine its peace and security. The Soviet Union has warned against this strategy, but the United States is going ahead with plans to achieve its own goals and objectives. America's attempts to impose air hegemony on the Gulf region is a new adventure that gives cause to concern for the peoples of the Gulf and to the world at large.

Al Dustour: The weak vs. the strong

ONCE again the Reagan administration succumbs to the will of the Zionist lobby and Congress, and cancels an arms deal with Saudi Arabia. The administration capitulated to Congress and withdrew a proposed sale of advanced Maverick missiles worth \$360 million needed for Saudi Arabia's defence. Although President Reagan said that he would renew a request to Congress for selling the missiles, the cancellation of the deal dealt a heavy blow to what has remained of U.S. credibility in the Arab World. The cancellation, coinciding with American naval presence in the Gulf, together form a negative development that does not augur well for the United States which is coming under constant criticism by the Arab states for its arms deals with Iran, a country that has been launching war on the Arab Nation and endangering the freedom of navigation in the Gulf zone. We view Reagan's cancellation of the arms deal with Saudi Arabia as another indicator of the deteriorating prestige of the United States world-wide, and also as a sign of lack of wisdom on the part of the U.S. policy makers with regard to America's interests overseas.

Sawt Al Shaab: Sound joint venture

Zionists to achieve their goals.

THE proposed Magaren Dam near the Syrian border is one of the most important projects for exploiting natural resources for benefit-ing the people of Syria and Jurdan. This project aims at providing sufficient water for irrigation and for generating electric power, and so paving the way for further prosperity. The Maqaren Dam would be one of the most successful joint ventures executed by Jordan and Syria in the course of joint endeavours for serving the future generation. By building the dam and exploiting the water in the Yarmouk River we abort Israel's intentions and ambitions which aim at seizing water resources within the Arab region and expanding Israel's borders from the Nile to the Euphrates. Israel has been dreaming of achieving its goals, and the water in the rivers found in the Arab countries near its borders constitute a tool enabling the

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Electricity: How much is too much?

ACCORDING to Lenin's basic definition of socialism the electrification of the countryside is one of the three achievements that socialism aims at.

Using this measure, we might conclude that Jordan became more Socialist than the Soviet Union, making electricity available to 96 per cent of the rural population, and 98.5 per cent of the total population of the Kingdom. It is doubtful that over 90 per cent of

the Siberian population have electricity.

In no way does this mean that the Soviet government is not interested in improving the standards of living in the countryside, or is unable to make the current available to each village irrespective of how small and remote it may be. It only means that the Soviet government realised that economic resources are limited, and accordingly should be allocated for various purposes in accordance with a well established scale of priorities.

ft might constitute waste of resources to provide a remote village with electricity if there still were villages that were deprived of schools, clinics, libraries, streets, roads, or other means of communication. In that case, the cost of extending the electric network, transformers and maintenance may be better utilised to provide other services more vital to the people, and not yet provided because of the lack of sufficient funds.

No one in his mind would hate to see every Jordanian village electrified, even when no more than five families subscribe. Electricity is one of the basic enultlements of every citizen in a modern country. But, the basic entitlements are many, and the means to get them are not unlimited. Therefore some system of priorities should be employed, to start with the absolute necessities

and advance towards conveniences. Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) announced last week that during the first five months of this year it was able to extend power to 65 villages with inhabitants totalling 24,000 all over the country. This is certainly on engineering achievement. The question however is whether that was justified from an economic point of view or not especially when the JEA will soon become the biggest Jordanian customer to foreign loans. This means that JEA expansion is not based on its own revenues, but rather on loans in foreign currencies.

In fact JEA has invested over JD 200 million of capital expenditure in the last six years, and borrowed JD 176 million during the same period, of which JD 140 million is still oustanding. The cost of servicing this debt is at least 15 per cent annually, and reached JD 14 million in 1986. This practice is bound to create pressure on the country's reserves in foreign exchange, that is badly needed for other more economic and social projects far more important than the electrification of remote and scattered small settlements.

During 1986 it was also announced that power had been

extended to 82 villages with a total population of 31,000, an average of 50 families or ten subscribers in each village. JEA did not mention the financial cost of this achievement in the form of

initial capital outlays and future running costs. We are definitely not against connecting the smallest cottage on the highest mountain or the smallest tent in the desert with electricity, provided that was done in accordance to social and economic priorities. It is also important that henefits be weighed against the costs of foreign indebtedness. Under no condition should we ignore that illiteracy still blinds 28 per cent of ourpeople, and that is an evil worse than the absence of electricity.

Four years ago the prime minister announced a year "devoted" for the provision of water and electricity." Apparently the year of electricity was extended indefinitely. We now need a year to check the electric expansion, including exporting energy to neighbouring countries on account, merely to justify the purchase and installation of more thermal generators, and to satisfy the aspirations of otherwise highly qualified electric engineers thirsty to perform and

Finally, we should be proud of the technical achievements of our excellent team of engineers in the JEA. Nevertheless, we need to stop them somewhere in order to re-think the feasibility of their runaway expansion, by doing some social and financial cost-

Arms for South Africa: How Israel | Tough U.S. Gulf stance seen as

By Jane Hunter

NOT only has Israel evaded a U.S. law designed to put an end to its arms sales to South Africa, it has managed, by exercising its extraordinary influence over the U.S. Congress, to quell an upsurge of criticism and to put its lucrative arms trade with the white minority government on a firm footing, at least through the next decade.

Section 508 of the Comprehensive Anti-Apartheid Act of 1986 called for a report, to be submitted on 1 April, on U.S. allies' military dealings with South Africa. Although Section 508 provided for a cutoff of U.S. military aid to those countries named in the report, Israel was blase about the prospect. That section was, atter all, an accident, whisked to passage by a Congress eager for an anti-apartheid bill in an election year with no opportunity for Israel's lobby to remove the offending language. But Israel had no reason to doubt that Congress would continue to turn a blind eye towards its military dealings with South Africa.

These had been an open secret for years - ever since 1976 when. South African Prime Ministera John Vorster visited Israel where... he signed a series of economic and military agreements. In the latter area a symbiotic arrangement was established, whereby South Africa furnished raw materials and financing for Israeli research and development in exchange for finished Israeli or the technology to produce those weapons under licence. The white government bought and produced under licence Israeli missile boats, shipto-ship missiles, the Uzi submachine gun and the Galil assault rifle. In 1979 the two conducted a nuclear weapons test in the South

Israel has managed to put its lucrative arms trade with the white minority government on a firm footing.

Despite annual U.N. resolutions condemning its military collaboration with South Africa, Israel's friends in Congress accepted Israel's denials that it was not violating the 1977 U.N. Mandatory Arms Embargo; over the years they regularly stifled attempts to open debate on Israel's military links with Pretoria. Under this mantle of so ririty, and undoubtedly encour ged by the benign attitude of the Reagan administration toward South Africa, Israel grew less circumspect. In addition to the easily concealed technological transfers for the components and subsystems which constitute the bulk of its arms trade with Pretoria — radar, electronics for tank sights, and help in the design of Pretoria's new Alpha helicopter are the most recently reported of these — Israel began providing large, identifiable weapons systems to the white government. "You don't have to be a genius to see our fingerprints all over it," said one Israeli official, referring to Israel Aircraft Industries' contribution to the conversion of South Africa's Mirage III into the Cheetah combat aircraft, alı 10st a near-twin of Israel's Kfir.

The delivery of 50 Gazelle helicopters preceded the July 1986 unveiling of the Cheetah, and news of the delivery to South Africa of an armoured personnel carrier and of at least two Boeing 707 aircraft converted into dualpurpose inflight refuelers and electronics warfare platforms followed soon after. In December 1986 came news that Israel and South Africa were planning an air strip on remote Marion Island, halfway between Antarctica and the southern coast of South Afri-

ca. Dr. Frank Burneby, a former director of the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute, said the airstrip could be used to develop a range for test-ing nuclear missiles. Mordechai Vanunu, the defecting Israeli nuclear technician, had revealed that South African scientists and metallurgists regularly worked at Israel's secret nuclear weapons plant in the Negev desert.

It was not until investigators for the state department, which was charged with writing the Section 508 report, visited Israel in late January and noted evidence of these dealings with South Afri-ca that Israel's Congressional supporters realised that the report, when released, would be very embarrassing. An unrelated State Department advisory group had released a report suggesting that Israel was providing U.S. weapons technology to South Africa, Israel's friends alerted it to the danger and discussed the situation with Prime Minister Shamir when he visited Washington in February.

U.S. Jewish leaders also quietly warned Israel that, as U.S. public opinion grew increasingly ostile to the apartheid regime, Israel's links to South Africa were impeding their activities and souring black-Jewish relations. In Congress, white, liberal legislators who had closely identified themselves with past legislation against apartheid, were beginning to have acrimonious exchanges with members of the Congreswere considering enforcing Section 508 with legislation to cut Israel's \$1.8 million military aid. It began to dawn on Tel Aviv that a change in the comfortable status quo might be at hand. The government's first re-

sponse was to protect its profitable business with Pretoria. Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin made a secret visit to South Africa. Initially, leaked stories about the visit protrayed it both as a warning to the Botha government that Israel might have to lower the profile of ts relations and as a gesture to placate Congressional critics. According to later reports Rabin signed new long-term contracts with South Africa, covering nuclear and military collabora-

Then, in a move that startled close observers of Israeli-South African relations, the Israeli govsorship, and details of its military dealings with South Africa began reports that Israel had offered Pretoria a partnership in the Lavi combat aircraft (this was declined the trade. in favour of the Cheetah deal) and that Israel provides counterinsurgency advisers to South

complaining that the abrupt cancellation of contracts with South Africa would result in losses of and thousands of jobs in the state-owned arms industry. It was reported that many Israeli scientists survived on research contracts from South Africa's Council for Scientific and Industrial Research. Above all, the value of the arms trade with the minority regime was placed at the astronomical level of \$400-\$800 million a year, much higher than previous

On 18 March, spurred by U.S. Jewish leaders who arrived in Israel in high dudgeon over the cabinet, after bitter wrangling, announced that Israel would sign no new military contracts with South Africa, but would honour existing ones. The cabinet had not demured over the rectitude of providing weapons to Pretoria. nor over the wisdom of tying the Star of David to the setting sun of the apartheid regime (Israel's

three to leaders recently told former Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser of their faith in the survival of the white government), but on whether Israel must submit to pressure from the

Israeli officials acknowledged that their "sanctions" were designed only to preempt Congressional action on the report. Critics in Israel and the U.S. pointed out that it would be impossible to monitor Israel's performance, as the scope and duration of its contracts were secret. Is nuclear cooperation covered by a finite contract? Do some contracts have automatic renewal clauses? What did Defence Minister Rabin agree to in South Africa last January? No one knows. One CBC member said that some contracts had 40 years to run!

No matter, Israel used the 18 March cabinet declaration to beat off threats to its reputation and its U.S. aid. The Israeli embassy in Washington sent "an information packet" to members of Congress stressing the cabinet announcement and emphasising Israel's 'opposition" to apartheid. At the same time, the leaders of the American Jewish Committee, the American Jewish Congress, the Reform movement's Religious Action Centre and the director of AlPAC, Israel's registered lobby, together with several prominent white liberal members of Congress, had a meeting with the

According to several sources it was a long and intense session and the approach of the pro-Israeli forces bordered on intimidation. Reluctantly, members of the CBC agreed to drop plans for an aid cut and to refrain from singling out Israel for criticism on its arms sales to South Africa. In exchange, the three Jewish groups and the white law-makers would work for increased foreign aid for Africa. Made with the proviso that such aid would not be at Israel's expense, the pledge merely commits those who made it to a good faith effort.

Even though it came within days of a report that Israel had passed to Pretoria details of U.S. espionage in South Africa obtained by convicted spy Jonathan Jay Pollard, when the Section 508 report was issued on April, it was already a dead letter. It was immediately classified, shared only with the chairs of the foreign relations and ineroment eased its strict cen- telligence committee of both houses of Congress. A public version mentioned fsraeli sales to to emerge: Nuclear collaboration South Africa in conjunction with and sale of uranium to Israel were those from a number of Euroconfirmed, as were longstanding pean countries, although it did say that the Israeli government was "fully aware of most or all of

The speed with which Israel's lobbyists acted prevented antiapartheid organisations, several f which favour cutting the U.S. Israeli officials were quoted aid of nations violating the 1977 U.N. arms embargo, from intervening in the process. There was some public protest. "The hundreds of millions of dollars economic exigencies of Israel pale alongside the repression and exploitation under which the black majority in South Africa exists," said an editorial in the Los Angeles Times. But Israel was spared a protracted public

Although temporarily sub-merged, the issue is bound to flare again - the more strongly for its suppression. Several members of the CBC have warned that unless Israel takes further steps to stop its arms sales, the possibility of an aid cutoff will be revived. In Pollard affair, the Israeli inner a 2 April statement, Walter Fauntroy, who represents the District of Columbia, wrote "It is indeed painful to learn that while we (Afro-Americans) were being supportive of the Jewish homeland, Israel has been selling arms to South Africa to destroy the lives and rights of the people in our homeland". - Middle East International, London.

evaded U.S. Congress's sanctions bid to erase Iran arms stain the folly of sending arms to Iran.

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration has justified its naval buildup in the Gulf as a shield for free navigation, but private Middle East experts see another motive - restoring U.S. credibility lost by the Iran arms scandal.

Critics say the strategy is dangerous and may backfire. U.S. warships will soon begin

escorting 11 Kuwaiti oil tankers in the Gulf, where Iran and Iraq are locked in a bitter war which has been going on for almost seven years. These ships will fly U.S. flags

and carry American captains. Kuwait, whose ships have been hit by Iran, supports Iraq.

Top U.S. officials have threatened Iran with a possible preemptive strike if it deploys Silkworm anti-ship missiles at the mouth of the Gulf, an artery for world oil. "This is all a backlash to the

Iran affair," former Carter admi-nistration Middle East adviser Robert Hunter told Reuters. He was referring to the scan-

dal, now under congressional in-vestigation, involving secret White House arms sales to Iran in a bid to free U.S. hostages held by pro-Iranian groups in "The (administration) is now at

great pains to reassure the Arabs that it is not involved with Iran and that has led to a tilt toward Iraq," Hunter said.

The New York Times said in an editorial Wednesday Reagan's naval stance appeared aimed at reviving an image of U.S. strength that was shattered when he sold arms to the country that had held 52 Americans hostage for 444 days in 1979-1981.

"The suspicion lingers that the springs from a desire to expunge of the area.

for nostages, rather than from a coherent plan," the newspaper

Reagan's naval diplomacy has rung alarm bells in the U.S. Congress, where leading members say he has added another dangerous dimension to a stumbling Middle East policy.
Senate Armed Services Com-

mittee Chairman Sam Nunn, a Georgia Democrat, said Kuwait Shireen Hunter said: has asked Moscow to help protect its shipping after the Iran arms sales came to light. Only then did Washington agree to protect the 11 tankers in a bid to restore its influence and counter Moscow's.

'(This shows) how had a mess. you can get into when you carry out that kind of incoherent policy," he said during televised hearings on the Iran affair.

Reagan has said his policy is aimed at protecting freedom of navigation. He vowed Americans would never again suffer the surging petrol prices and long gas station waits that beset them in the 1970s.

analysts said Reagan was exaggerating the problem because the threat to Gulf navigation was months or a year ago. "The scene hasn't really changed to warrant anything ma-

Independent Middle East

jor," said Shireen Hunter, a Gulf war specialist at Washington's Centre for International and Strategic Studies (CSIS). She said only about one per

cent of ships plying the Gulf had been hit and that, due to a glut in world oil, the tanker war had had virtually no impact on petroleum prices. This was one reason why West-

ern Europe and Japan, which rely much more heavily on Gulf oil than the United States, had been rush to act tough in the Gulf unenthusiastic about joint patrols

Reagan had called for some sort of allied coorciation in protecting the 11 Kuwain vessels but had to settle at this week's Venice economic summit for a general statement supporting freedom of

navigation.

If Washington were drawn into an armed conflict with Iran, that would severely disrupt tanker. traffic and bring on the very gas lines Reagan vowed to prevent.

Reagan had focused on Iran as a threat to Gulf shipping, but Iran had been less of a threat than Iraq, which initiated attacks on - ... tankers in 1984 and had hit some 70 per cent of more than 300 ships damaged, according to Middle East analysts.

Iran depended on the Gulf as a lifeline and had no interest in closing it, they said. The analysts said-Iraq's

strategy was to draw the super- ... powers into the conflict. An Iraqi jet launched a missile attack on the U.S. frigate Stark last month that killed 37 U.S. sailors. Iraq said the attack : was accidental and Washington

accepted this. But Robert Hunter, the formek Carter administration offithe threat to Gulf navigation was no greater today than it was six; may have been madvertent, had advanced an overall Iraqi strategy of drawing in the superpowers. The Stark incident had boistered U.S. resolve to pursue the flag. venture and naval patrols.

The analysts said that if Washington were drawn into t with Iran, sult could be disastrous for the West.

Tehran would be tempted to turn to Moscow for aid, which could ultimately put Iran firmly in the Soviet orbit.

In playing for small potatoes with Kuwait, we risk losing the big enchilada, Iran," Robert Hunter said.

Roh inherits Chun's mantle, also his problems of legitimacy

By Roger Crabb

SEOUL - Roh Tae-Woo, confirmed on June 10 as the South Korean government's candidate to succeed President Chun Doo Hwan, looks like inheriting sweeping powers but also a nagging problem of legitimacy.

Rob, like Chun a former gener-

al. was adopted by the ruling Democratic Justice Party as its candidate for presidential elections due in December. With the opposition parties

threatening to boycott the poll, saying the indirect electoral-college system is loaded in favour of the government, Roh, 54, now appears virtually certain to take over Chun's mantle next February. In that case, he would also

inherit the legitimacy problem which has dogged Chun since he, Roh and a handful of generals staged a J980 coup to end the political uncertainty which folowed the October 1979 assassination of President Park Chung-In the past seven years Rob has

eld a series of key appointments

in the administration of his for-

mer Korean military academy

classmate and appeared as probably the reclusive president's losest confidant. When Chun flew back from Rangoon in October 1983 after bombs, blamed by Burma on North Korea, killed 17 members of his party, he was reported to have redioed for Roh to meet him

at the airport. Yet, asked once about widespread speculation that he would succeed Chun, Roh quipped to a ournalist: "My name in Korean (Tae-Woo) literally means a great fool. How can a fool run a great



Roh Tae-Woo country like ours?"

While the opposition has reviled Chun as a military dictator and accused him of planning to hold on to power, the president has been adamant that he would stand down at the end of his official seven-year term, voted in 1981 by a 5,000-strong electoral college.

The government's key aim at present, apart from triumphantly staging the 1988 Seoul Summer Olympics, is the successful completion next February of South Korea's first peaceful handover of power.

But the opposition scoffs at this description of the planned electoral college procedure, saying the new candidate is a Chun clone guaranteed of his place and that under him nothing will

Roh, a career soldier who with Chun attended a psychological warfare course at Fort Bragg, North Carolina, later commanded a much-feared Soth Korean combat unit in South Vietnam. In 1979, as a major-general,

Roh moved his ninth division troops from north of Seoul to assure the success of Chun's putsch. Later that year he took command of the capital garrison command, responsible for the security of Seoul and the pres-

In 1981, Chun promoted him to lieutenant-general when he took over the defence security command. Later that year Roh resigned and began his meteoric rise through the Seoul hierarchy.

He served first as minister in . charge of security and foreign affairs, then was sports minister, interior minister, head of the Seoul Olympic organising committee and, in 1985, became chairman of the Democratic Justice Party. Chun is party president.

In 1986, after weeks of opposition street demonstrations demanding free elections, Chun reversed his stance and agreed to allow constitutional amendments if government and opposition: parties could agree on a new formula in parliament.

Roh, as DJP front man, played a major role in setting out the ruling camp's conditions for compromise: Basically, direct presidential elections were out of the question but instead the government would press for a parliamentary system with a strong prime minister answerable to

members of parliament The opposition dismissed the plan as a formula to prolong Chun's power and the constitu-tional talks collapsed.

Interviewed by South Korean journalists last month after his nomination was virtually secured, Roh was asked if he would try to court the opposition to take part after all in this year's presidential

poll.

"If the opposition proposes amendments to specific clauses of the presidential electron law," he said, "our position remains un-changed that we are prepared to negotiate."

Sands of change: The causes of desertification

The following is part one in a cover begins to disappear, rains two-part essay on describination may be heavy and frequent published by the United Nation Environment Programme (UNEP). Part two will appear in tomorrow's issue of the Jordan

DESERTIFICATION affects mainly the arid and semi-arid areas of the Earth; but though it may be accelerated by drought, it is rarely caused by it. On the contrary, its causes are manmade.

Describication is a symptom of the disease of under-development. It results from the combination of social and economic factors, such as poverty and the inequitable distribution of resources, with environmental issues such as inappropriate land use systems and farming methods.

Desertification can be triggered by many factors, including over-grazing, deforestation, the expansion of intensive cash cropping onto marginal land more suitable for pastoralism, poor management of boreholes to water stock, and the settling of previously nomadic peoples.

Droughts accelerate desertification and amplify its effects. The Sahel, for example, has undergone at least four major droughts in this century: during 1910-15, 1944-48, 1968-73 and, most recently, 1982-84. Though the severity of these droughts may have been comparable, their effects were not. The last two caused widespread loss of life in both human and animal populations — mainly because conditions had already deteriorated to a potentially dangerous stage. The most recent drought caused food shortages in more than 29 African countries, and affected over 150 million people.

Desertification also tends to occur more commonly in semiarid than in arid areas. Where rainfall is at least moderately reliable, the temptation to grow more is higher; and when ground enough to do real damage to the exposed topsoil.

Desertified land can recover. Providing enough good soil remains in place, and providing that local climates have not been changed too radically, the land will recover slowly once the pressures to which it was subjected are removed. However, recovery can be so slow that the damage is, in effect, irreversible. In southern Tunisia, the tracks of World War II tanks and wheeled vehicles can still be seen in the sand, and vegetation has never returned to the area even though grazing pressure is very low and there have been several periods of above-average rainfall since the war.

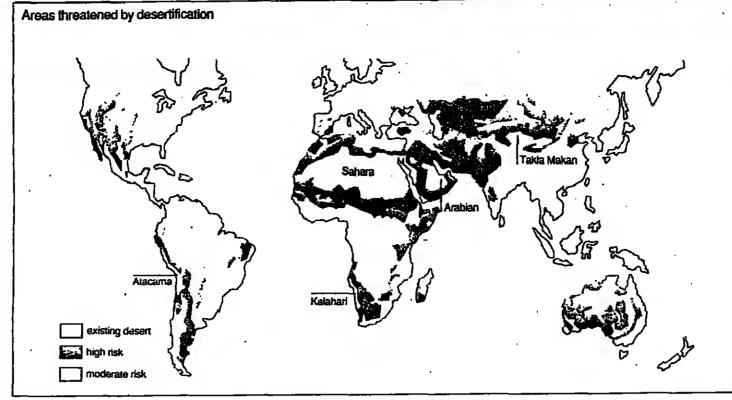
Desertification can appear in several guises. These include encroaching dunes and sand sheets; deteriorating eroplands and rangelands; waterlogging and salinisation of irrigated land; destruction of trees and shrubs; and deterioration in either the quantity of ground and surface water.

Desertification commonly follows deforestation because water runs off the bared hills too quickly, carrying much of the top soil with it and causing major disturbances in the water balance. One result of this is that groundwater sources are now failing all along the foothills of the Himalayas.

Desertification threatens the world's dry lands, which constitute about 35 per cent of total land area. In spite of their name, the dry lands support some 850 million people and produce substantial quantities of meat, cereals, fibres and hides.

About three-quarters of the dry lands are already desertified to some degree. While much of. Africa is severely affected, so too are many other areas: Much of South America, India, western Asia. Australia and even some of. Mediterranean Enrope and North America.

A World Map of Desertifica-



"The deserts are not invading from without; the land is deteriorating from within." The Human Impact

tion was prepared at the time of the United Nations Conference on Desertification (1977). It showed that 2 per cent of Europe, 19 per cent of America, 31 per cent of Asia, 34 per cent of Africa and 75 per cent of Australia were at risk from desertification. Highest risk areas include parts of California, Chile, Argentina, north-east Brazil, large areas of Africa, Iraq, Pakistan, and parts of Turkey, Spain and north-west Australia.

Although desertification can start almost anywhere, fertile land near the edges of existingdeserts is often at particularly high risk. Aerial surveys over the Sudan, for example, have revealed that the edge of the Sahara, as marked by the disappearance of sub-desert scrub and grassland, moved southwards about 100 km. between 1958 and

One of the commonest causes of desertification is now the salinisation of irrigated land. Nearly as much land is currently being lost to waterlogging and salinisation as is being newly irrigated. government fell in the affected

Unless new irrigation projects pay careful attention to drainage, many will ultimately suffer from salinity, just as happened in many of the great civilisations of the

Desertification played a role in the downfall of the Sumerian, Babylonian, Harappan and Roman civilisations, and salinisation was involved wherever irrigation flourished. In what is modern day Iraq, irrigation has produced three periods of very rapid population increase; twice, in 1800 B.C. and 900 A.D., populations subsequently crashed as a result of waterlogging and sali-

Who is affected...

One of the tragedies of deserti-fication is that it affects mainly those who can least afford it: People living in low-income developing countries, particularly in areas that are already climatically, geographically and economi-cally disadvantaged. Because agriculture in these countries is the principal source of jobs, in-come and GNP, the effects of desertification are often disastrons, leading to famine and pobtical turnoil. Following the drought of the early 1970s, every

na by truck where the director of

Officialdom again struck at the end of the 4,500 mile route when

Sahel countries.

The numbers keep growing

The population at risk is very large. Some 850 million people live in the world's dry lands, and about 500 million of them are rural dwellers. More than half of them are already affected by at least moderate desertification and 135 million of them are affected by severe desertification.

The rangelands are the worst affected of dry-land areas, with 80 per cent of the total of 3,700 million bectares already suffering from desertification. However, the rangelands support a rural population of only about 66 million people.

By contrast, 260 million rural people live on rainfed cropland and 175 million on irrigated cropland. Some 60 per cent of rainfed cropland, and 30 per cent of irrigated cropland, is now at least moderately affected by deserti-

The numbers of people affected have grown rapidly since 1977, partly because populations themselves have grown, and part-ly because increasingly large areas of the sub-humid tropics (as distinct from the arid and semiarid areas) are now becoming desertified.

vehicle. After 2,000 miles he gave

up when three of his six camels

"It's tremendous someone has

Most of the growth has occur-red in the developing countries. It is estimated that 80 per cent of the people affected by moderate descrification, and 85 per cent of

those affected by severe desertification, live in developing re-

By the year 2000, things are likely to be considerably worse (the goal of halting describication by that date was suggested during the 1977 U.N. conference but is now considered impossible to achieve). By then, the population of the dry lands will have increased from 850 to nearly 1,200 million, and the rural population from 500 to 600 million. All of the latter increase will be in developing regions, most of it in sub-Saharan Africa. Desertification is likely to con-

tinue unchanged in the rangelands, though improved drainage and other measures could slow the rate of descrification down, if only marginally, on the irrigated croplands. In the rainfed croplands, however, substantial further deterioration is expected as desertification accelerates.

The areas most at risk by the end of the century are likely to be the tropical rainfed croplands of sub-Saharan Africa, Andean South America, and parts of South Asia such as Nepal.

the desert, including "The Forty Days Road" which chronicles his West to East without a motor. earlier travels with bedouin nomads in the Sahara.

"But we are also interested in

the environment and desertification. It's a beautiful nothing not a rock, not a stick, not a stone," Asher says. They are stunned at how swift-

they readapted to Europe life: "We even look at our watches again."

But their passion for the ex-

traordinary seems unmarred.

time someone has done so." cross on foot. "I said we would die if we went Caravan routes of indigenous back. In the end they gave in,"

people go north-south, he said.
"To do something nobody has done gives you an incentive,"

Oxfam: Can big be beautiful? By John Tanner OXFORD, England — One of the pollution of rivers and coast-

the great slogans of the ecology movement in the 1970s came from the title of a seminal book on development, E.F. Schu-macher's "Small Is Beautiful". Western aid agencies, working in developing countries, took up that cry with vigour. But as those agencies have grown phenomenally in size in recent years, have they been able to keep their

'good looks"? A good case to look at is Oxfam, Britain's largest and probably most famous charity. which had modest beginnings as a group of concerned individuals who formed the Oxford Committee for Famine Relief in 1942, to send food aid to war-torn Greece. Oxfam has grown so much since then that it plans to leave its cramped headquarters next year. to move into larger, purposebuilt offices.

Oxfam raised and spent over U.S.\$ 70 million last year and employs over 300 staff in Oxford. That is more than twice as many staff as in 1962, when Oxfam moved to its present accommodation. It has become a hig business, operating a chain of nearly 800 fund-raising shops, run by volunteers, throughout Britain. It has 31 field officers in the Third World and gives funds to more than 2,000 projects around the

"There isn't even room to swing a collecting tin in our present offices," according to one, Oxfam employee. The number of staff and volunteer belpers has grown so fast that the organisation is having to rent nine separate offices in the town.

The plans are to provide new "campus-style" premises, which will be able to bouse 500 staff and volunteers. In case anyone should accuse the organisation of extravagance over this, the Chairman of the charity's trustees, Chris Barber, says: "Over a period of 12 to 15 years, the new building will pay for itself from the savings we will make, primanly by not paying rents for

some of our present offices." At the moment, there is a huge accounts section to handle the donations that keep flooding in from the general public, as well as a publicity section and area desks to process funding applications from different parts of the Third World. There are also specialist units dealing with emergencies, health and such things as supplying water at short notice to

refugee camps. The new Oxfam premises will include a printing room, space for a computer to hold the names and addresses of donors, a strong room and a creche for employees small children. The new site like the existing one — is in an affluent suburb in the north of the

Yet however large Oxfam itself may have become, it still sees its role as funding effective smallscale projects in the developing world, sometimes countering the bad effects of bigger schemes. Last year, just under half of the agency's spending overseas went on emergency relief, while the rest was for long-term development work. About a quarter of the development projects are

mission for Fisherpeople (CPP), which is campaigning to prevent

lines and to stop over-fishing. More than half a million people in Brazil earn their living from fishing but Oxfam says that economic progress has passed them by or even worsened their lot.

There are some fishermen who have absolutely no notion that there are basic laws to protect them," says a nun working in the north-eastern Brazilian state of Ceara. Chemical plants, paper mills and sugar distilleries which produce ethanol fuel for cars all pump vast quantities of effluent into lakes, rivers and coastal waters, reducing fish stocks. There are even reports of dwindling stocks in the huge Amazon River, because freezer ships are overfishing there.

Another problem is that colossal development projects, such as the Carajas iron-ore scheme. have pushed peasants — who used to combine farming with fishing - off their land and away from the coast. Oxfam is helping the CCP campaign with the fishing people to protect the environment. The CCP is also pressing for compensation for those whose livelihood has been affected by pollution.

In the state of Madhya Pradesh in India, Oxfam is helping villagers who are threatened by large scale open-cast mining to fight for their rights. "Developments intended to provide power for the state's industrial complexes are quite literally taking the ground from under local people's feet," says Sam Clarke, a member of the Oxfam staff.

"One village we visited was just a hundred metres from the coal face, with huge mechanical diggers scooping a 70-metre high cliff and the boom of blasting echoing around. Villagers are forced to move away from their villages because life becomes inpossible there."

Oxfam is helping to finance a group called German Seva Saastha (GRASS), which is encouraging villagers to form and a committees to press for their rights. Claims for compensation have been filed with India's Surreme Court. In one village, pretesters lay down in front of the mining company's bulldozers. "We shall die anyhow, so let us die that way!" said one man who was threatened with eviction

In the province of Kordofau in Sudan, Oxfam is providing over US\$ 80,000 for the Sudanese government and a British volunteer aid worker to plant trees. Yes:3 of poor rainfall and a growing dodulation have increased great ure on the land. Fields are no longer left fallow and crop yields for sorghum and millet have gailen by over a half.

"By chopping down the gam arabic trees in the area to make charcoal, farmers have, over the last ten years, been able to carn 200 per cent more than by keeping the trees for their gum," an Oxfam worker says. The Sudan project involves planting coppiess of trees for firewood, fruit and fodder for animals. The trees also provide valuable shade and can prove the soil through nitrogen

fixation. These are just three examples quoted by Oxfam as evidence that the charity's rapid growth has not made it remote either from the poor in the developing world or from its supporters in Britain. — Earthscan feature.

Viking wrecks give fresh insight into ancient seamanship

By Christopher Follett

der Viking ships once ruled the seas, disgorging fierce warriors to conquer England and occupy Iceland and Greenland.

Now, the skills of the men who built the vessels 1,000 years ago are winning rapt admiration from modern marine archaeologists.

The experts have gained new insights into boatbuilding and seamanship through restoring the wrecks of five 11th-century Viking ships, raised from the muddy depths of Roskilde Fjord in Denmark.

They are learning, too, from re-creating such vessels - and replica Viking ships will sail in aregatta this month to mark the 25th anniversary of the raising of the ships.

Four of the original ships have been restored and museum officials hope the last will be completed next year. The wrecks are exhibited at the

Viking Ship Museum in Roskilde, a cathedral city west of Copenhagen. Those at the museum were built around 1,000 A.D. and

historians believe that they were filled with stones and sunk to block the Fjord and prevent invaders from attacking Roskilde, then Denmark's capital and main .port. There are two warships, two

trading vessels and a fishing During the whole era of the

sailing ship no better square-rigged ships were built than Viking ships," Jan Skamby Madsen, a curator at the museum, told Reu-

The Vikings produced dozens of different types of vessel at a high level of professionalism," he

We have learnt a lot about the hull construction of ancient vessels, ship carpentry and the exwhich lifted Viking ships' bows up in the water and made them

skate across the sea."
He added: "Viking ships were not dependent on wind from be-

One of the two merchant vessels, the Deep Sea Trader, is the biggest of its type ever found in Scandinavia, at 16.5 metres long

the upper planks indicate its stor-

A second trading vessel measuring 13 metres and fashioned from a single piece of oak, carried cargo in the Baltic

The finds are between 60 and 70 per cent intact with the exception of the 28 metre warship still to be reconstructed, of which

Madsen said building replica ships has been just as exciting as preserving the originals. And by building replicas the archaeologists have learnt a great deal about the huilding and sailing of the Europeans. originals.

'Black aluminium' for solar batteries

MOSCOW (APN) - A special coat for sun-light collectors, created at Kharkov Polytechnic Institute (the Ukraine), is called "black aluminium." It almost fully absorbs the sun rays, transferring the heat for warming up water or air. The new coat is about three times more efficient than the existing ones. One square metre of "black aluminium" makes it possible to heat 60 litres of water to 60 degrees centigrade, within an hour. The coat has a porous structure which keeps the

sun rays and absorbs their

Scientists suggest using "black aluminium" for making a series of sun-light collectors for industrial enterprises, farms, apartments and summer recreation centres. Having a simple design they can work in different climatic zones, are durable and can be easily cleaned. The invention is to be introduced in the first place in. the Ukraine and Georgia, where sunny days occur very often.

hind, they could tack against the

and huilt of pine, probably in

The Trader was typical of ships used for the first crossings to Iceland, Greenland and Vinland, possibly the name for North America. Two arrow marks on

and across the North Sea. The 18 metre Man-of-War,

with its characteristics long low hull, is a type illustrated in France's Bayeux tapestry, which depicts the Norman conquest of England. Oar holes along the sides of the ship indicate the position of the 24 oarsmen.

The fishing boat, 12 metres long, had a mast and sail like the other ships but apparently no

only about a fifth is left.

spokesman.

The conple travelled like nomads, except for a compass, maps and flares, clothed in turbans and jellabiya, loose hooded

paperbacks," Asher, 34, admits, Everyday we got up at sunrise, loaded the camels and trekked for 12 hours."

Sahara Newly-weds spend honeymoon crossing and traveller Geoffrey Moor-house to cross the Sabara from the papers. "Officials took us to N'Djame-

By Susan Ellicott Reuter

LONDON — Michael Asher and security laughed and apologised Mariantonietta. Penn have just for the mistake," Asher said had a honeymoon short on re
Officialdom again struck at the laxation but long on originality—
a 10-month trek with camels across the Sahara desert.

During their 271 days across the world's largest desert, the comple travelled on foot and camel from the Chinquetti oasis, Mauritania, to the River Nile in Egypt through Mali, Niger, Chad

and Sndan. They almost died of thirst, were arrested by police and hounded by baying byenas which

encircled their camp at dusk.
With only a guide and three camels for company they once trekked for 12 days without seeing another person. When they argued they walked on - in complete silence.

Constantly they feared attacks from bandits. "It was a hard honeymoon,"

concludes Peru, 30, "there were many moons and not much honey

Often the intense 40-degree centigrade desert sun sparked futile arguments.

"Sometimes we didn't talk at all," said Pern, who dreamed of lemonade and fresh salad as they ate supplies of powdered milk dried gazelle meat, sardines and rice bought from local markets. "I had hallucinations of a fresh

tomato," she recalls almost disbelievingly. "And when the only available water stank, I had to convince myself it was the water from Rome."

The Italian general's daughter and the former member of Britain's elite Special Air Service (SAS) regiment, who married one day before departure, ended their journey last month.

They are now writing a book for an American publisher who gave £12,000 (\$19,500) toward the trip's £15,000 (\$24,500) cost. Britain's respected Royal Geographic Society says it is the longest camel journey made by

"Certainly we know of nothing which compares," said a

cloaks worn by Arab men. "I did start with a couple of 'but there wasn't time to read.

In Chad, the two were twice arrested for not having a travel permit and taken by police to the capital, N'Djamena, where the interior ministry issued one. They were later re-arrested: The word "cimel" had been omitted from

Egyptian frontier police refused at last gone across by camel the full width," Moorhouse told Reuthe exhausted couple entry from Sudan, explaining it was illegal to ters. "I imagine it's the very first

Asher told Reuters. The expedition was inspired by an attempt in 1972-73 by author

ABOUT 70,000 patients a year in

the Federal Republic undergo

artificial joint surgery. Roughly

60,000 are given artificial hips and nearly 7,000 artificial knee

Artificial joints that become

part of the bone rather than being

cemented into it are a substantial

improvement, 300 experts from

the United States, Austria, Switzerland, Holland and the

Federal Republic were told at the

first Barmbek orthopaedic sym-

"Joints fixed to the bone by

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Indian food

posium, held in Hamburg.

ZORFU

Asher, author of two books on onger-lasting artificial joints artificial cement can be expected

years," said congress chairman

Professor Wolfram Thomas of

Barmbek general hospital, Ham-

burg. The joint then needs re-Artificial points that do not use cement can be expected to have a longer life. They have been used for 14 years and are in increasing

The artificial joint forms part of the bone by means of the porous, sponge-like structure of its steel surface. It was developed

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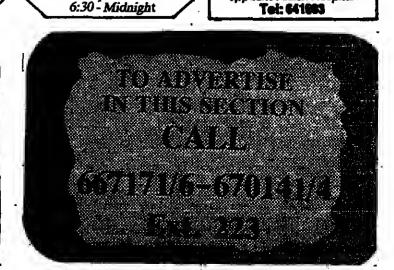


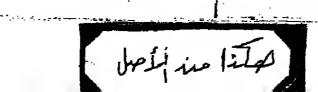
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CHINESE





Johnson breezes to another victory

GATESHEAD, England (R) — Canada's Ben Johnson, the fastest man in the world this year, produced an exhibition of power running to win a 100 metres race on Saturday in 10.42 seconds.

Although it was much slower than the 9.80 Johnson feels he is 10.74. capable of achieving this season, it was enough to give him a comfortable victory in a triangular match against Britain and

Johnson's teammate Desai Williams finished second in 10.71 seconds, just ahead of Britain's

Racecourse

announced

LONDON (R) — A hlunder by

the announcer at Sandown Park

Horse Races Saturday cost back-

After the third race Padre Pio

was announced the half length

winner with Vague Lass second

and Respect, 7-4 favourite, third.

Britain's 10,000 betting shops and

clearly showed Respect in second

with Vague Lass a neck away in

It was an hour hefore the cor-

rect result was announced at the

course and relayed to betting

shops. But totalisator place and forecast bets all stand on the

original "wrong" result.

Judge Nick Locock explained:

"I wrote the correct result down,

hut the wrong result was

SYDNEY (R) — France gave

one of the greatest exhibitions of

raighy union of its distinguished

history when players upset

favourites Australia 30-24 in the

test World Cup semifinal at Con-

Fortunes see-sawed until, with

But the tireless French laun-

ched another counter-attack from

inside their half. Left wing Pat-

injury time almost up, the sides

were tied 24-24 and extra time

od Ovai Saturday.

seemed inevitable.

This result was flashed to all

But the photo finish picture

in costly

blunder

payonts were made.

Johnson, who is huilding up to the World Championships in Rome starting in August, has now won four 100 metres races since May 28 and set the season's fastest time of 10.02 in Calgary a. week ago. His objective remains hreaking Calvin Smith's world

Championships Saturday.

After whipping Natalie Tauziat of France 6-0, 6-1 in the quarter-

final, the defending champion

from the United States downed

Etsuko Inoue of Japan 6-2, 6-4. In Sunday's final, she will play

Larissa Savchenko of the Soviet

Union, who also had to play two

matches because rain earlier in

the week had forced officials to

reschedule the tournament.

6-3, 6-0 in the semifinal.

rice Lagisquet centred the ball and lock Alain Lorieux thun-

dered up the centre to win it.

The bail went night, there was

another ruck, France spun it left

and suddenly it was Lagisquet

again with fullhack Serge Blanco

Lagisquet veered infield, draw-

ing the defence, then fed Blanco

who sped to the coroer for the

winning try. As his team mates

cavorted with delight, fullback

Didier Camberabero iced the

which start June 22.

France advances in rugby world cup semis

Britain's European champion Linford Christie confessed he was not too disappointed to miss the

100 metres in favour of the 200 where he clashed with another British European champion, Roger Black. Black, stepping down from the 400 metres, made predictable late

The latter, dismissive of his performance, said: "I'm still only half a sprinter because I'm a

Commonwealth 5,000 metres champion Steve Ovett justified his £10,000 (\$16,500) per meeting price tag, when he opened his track season with a superb win in 3,000 metres.

Britain's athletics paymasters, who had originally offered the former Olympic champion just £1,000 (\$1,650) per race before he threatened to boycott ground to finish second, ruffling their meetings, got their money's worth as Ovett outclassed a high calibre 3,000 metres field with

Shriver, Savchenko win twice to reach Edgbaston tennis final

"I am trying to be more disci-plined in my whole lifestyle and I BIRMINGHAM, England (AP)
— A slimmed down Pam Shriver won two matches to gain the final of the rain-affected Edghaston am in hetter shape and carrying fewer pounds," Shriver said. "So when I knew I had to play Cap Women's Grasscourt Tennis two singles in a day. I didn't get

worried ahout it. Shriver explained the importance of playing in such pre-Wimhledon tournaments and wondered why more players didn't enter.

"This tournament, sooner or later, should attract the losers in the second week at (the French Open in) Paris. Some of the other top players should think about playing this event, and I think this would help me in my Wimbledon

Savchenko outgunned South preparations," she said. Referring to the Stella Artois Men's Grasscourt Touroament at Queen's Club, London, which is played simultaneously to the Edgbaston event, Shriver added:

African Rosalyn Fairbank 7-5. 6-4 and then hlitzed Eva Pfafi Shriver, the top seed, said after gaining the final that she had lost weight during her huild up to the Wimhledon Championships, Look at Queen's. The top men are there. So why don't more of

cake with a perfect touchline con-

France were a revelation

Their forwards were uniformly

magnificent, the scrum pushed

the huge Australian Pack back

metres on several occasions and

captain Daniel Dubroca took the

game's sole tighthead.

against a side who have swept all

before them for the last three

"In previous years I have come ont of this event needing one of two more tests so that's why I am playing at Eastbouroe next week. Having a touroament to play during that week means you have not got time to think about Wimhledon and get uptight about that,"

In earlier quarterfinals, Inoue upset seventh seeded Carling Bassett of Canada 6-2, 6-0 while Pfaff beat number 5 seed Elizabeth Smylie of Australia.

Japanese baseballer breaks Gehrig's

record fore rain washed out play in the semifinals of the Scottish Cham-HIROSHIMA, Japan (AP) Sachio Kinugasa of the Hiroshi ma Toyo Carp Saturday broke Lou Gehrig's record as the most durable man in basehall, chalking up his 2,131st consecutive game

before hometown fans. On Thursday, Kinugasa tied the record set by the New York Yankees player 48 years ago. Kinugasa received bouquets of flowers and congratulations from his current and former managers when he tied the mark.

This is the third time in history that a Japanese athlete has hroken a significant U.S. major league record. In 1977, Sadaharu Ch beat Hank Aaron's record of 755 career home runs on his way to a new record of 868, and on June 3, 1983, Yutaka Fukumoto of the Hankyu Braves bet Lou Brock's record for career stolen bases, at 938.

Kinugasa, a 40-year-old third haseman, has never missed a game since joining the Carp full-time on Oct. 19, 1970.

Soviet boxers knock out Americans again

TAMPA, FLA (R) — The Soviet Union continued their amateur boxing domination over the United States Friday night with a hard-fought 5-3 victory in the heavyweight invitational boxing tournament here.

Fighting before a crowd of 6,042, the Russians defeated the Americans for the tenth time in 11 heavyweight tournaments. It was the second victory in six days for the Soviet Union, who also defeated the Americans 5-3 last Saturday night in Virginia.

"I expected us to win higger," Soviet coach Victor Ulianich said through an interpreter, "The Americans were very strong opponents. They fought hard until the end. American coach Joe Clough

said: "I was very pleased with our

performance. We fought an experienced team and fought them weil. We easily could have won,

The Soviet Union's light heavyweight Andrei Kurniavka, who won an easy 3-0 decision over American Harvey Richards after dropping him to the canvas late in the second round, was named the outstanding boxer of

Other Soviet winners were light heavyweight Nuragomed Shanavazov, who won a 3-0 decision over Phillip Jackson heavyweight Usman Arasaliev, a 3-0 winner over Warren Williams heavyweight Alexander Zolkin, who defeated Charlton Hollis 2-1 and super heavyweight Alexander Miroshnichenko, a 3-0 winner over Kilbert Pierce.

American winners were light heavyweight Michael Moorer, who won a 2-1 decision over Stanislav Smirnov light heavyweight Donald Stephens, who beat Andrei Karavaev a 2-1 and heavyweight Tim Igo, who beat Vladimir Balay 2-1.

officials Friday gave a fresh re-minder they will not tolerate in-

mously to condemn the West

Indian motion - to be put before

the International Cricket Confer-

TCCB opposes W. Indian

LONDON (R) — English cricket ca" should be banned from inter-

team.

national cricket.

proposal on South Africa

seeking 50 hours of vital grasscourt practice, squeezed in another 14 minutes Saturday be-

Scottish tennis tourney

Rain plays havoc with

The world number one, who added a fifth Grand Slam title to

Le Mans motor race underway

LE MANS, France (R) — The 55th edition of the Le Mans 24 hours race began Saturday with the prospect of an exciting struggle between Porsche and Jaguar. Rain had fallen all day, hut stopped about an hour before the

Two Porsches, driven by West Germans Jochen Mass and Hans Stuck, started from the front of the grid as fastest qualifiers bidding to win the classic race for the West German firm for a 12th time and the seventh year in

Jaguar supplied the next three cars on the grid. After four wins in four world sportscar championship races, they are making a strong hid to win Le Mans for the first time in 30 years.

American Olindo lacobelli, driving a Royale RP40, failed to start with the other 47 cars. The WMP 87 of Frenchman

Roger Dorchy also had to be wheeled into the pits after failing to start the two warm-up laps, but the problem was solved before the official race start. Dutchman Jan Lammers

hrought his Jaguar back to the pits after the first lap to change his tyres from wet to slicks and many other drivers followed him in the opening laps. Stuck - whose team-mate Bri-

ton Derek Bell is chasing a fifth-victory — Mass. Briton Martin Brundle in a Jaguar, Briton Johnny Dumfries in a Mercedes and American Eddie Cheeyer in a Jaguar ser the pace on the first

The three Porsches of South African Sarel van Der Merwe and Danes Franck Jelinski and Chris Nissen all retired by the 10th lap with engine failure.

TCCB Chief Executive Alan

Smith said: "We very much hope there will be no problems over

the World Cup, in which we

intend to participate, but this has

to be on the basis of non-interfer-

ence with the selection of our

sent to all the world's cricket-

playing countries in the next two

or three days.

The world cup is scheduled for

India and Pakistan in October

and November, and Smith added:

"I wouldn't put my last penny, or

the board's last penny, on it hut 1 think the World Cup will take place. The people of India and

Pakistan have already committed

a lot of time, effort and money to

the West Indian proposal on June

26 and further support should

come from Pakistan and Sri

The TCCB vote was 19-0, all

counties in favour plus MCC and

the Minor Counties Association,

India are expected to second

Copies of that statement will be

week, opted to play in this revamped event as part of his Wimhledon preparation. But Lendi's plans have been

wrecked by the notorious Scottish summer and his appearances on the centre court have been restricted to an 81-minute firstround workout_against 42-yearold coach Tony Roche and a brief outing with Sweden's Anders Jar-ryd which was stopped at 2-2 on Saturday.
"I would trade one of my three

French titles and one of my two U.S. crowns in return for winning Wimhledon," said Lendl, who managed to use four different rackets in his search for perfection during his sojourn with

"But I reckon 1 need 50 hours on grass before Wimbledon begirls on June 22 and I'm ohviously disappointed at the weather.

Though I can name a number of great players who never managed to win a Wimhledon title, it's an ohvious gap in my record and that's why I've been trying so hard to improve my grass court technique.

Apart from his 95 minutes of: 'competitive" tennis, Lendl has managed another four hours of Roche, one of the finest expo- holds.

EDINBURGH (R) — Ivan his collection when he retained nents of the grass-court game in Lendl, who came to Edinhurgh the French Open in Paris last his day: Ivan has a couple of minor

deficiences which he shares with most clay court players who have to adjust to a faster surface. Players who learned their tennis on clay tend to be slower to

follow their first serves into the net, are not natural volleyers, and their footwork is usually slower. "But Ivan is growing in confidence and no longer becomes

going his way. We're getting there." The 99th Scottish grass-court. championships have enjoyed cruel luck since becoming part of the international circuit this

John McEnroe, Henri Leconte, Andrei Chesnokov and Aaron Krickstein are all missing from the original list of entrants and the weather has wreaked havoc with the scheduling of this'

new \$180,000 event. Lendl and Jarryd are due to resume at 0900 GMT Sunday and will be followed on court by the second semifinal between Johan Kriek of the U.S. and Ecuador's Andres Gomez.

The women's final, involving Argentine Gabriela Sabatini and American Lisa Bonder, and the men's final will then be staged in practice under the shrewd eye of the afternoon - if the weather



Michael Spinks (right) pounds Stefan Tangstad with a stiff right on way to a fourth round victory in one of his earlier bouts (file photo).

Spinks admits boxing scares him.

ATLANTIC CITY. New Jersey of him to have his way.

(AP) — American boxer Michael

Spinks is scared, but not of any Spinks said. Then, grinning, he man in the ring. man in the ring.

"I'm no chicken," said Spinks, who will fight Gerry Cooney Monday night at the Atlantic City Convention Hall.

"I'm not scared of Gerry Cooney. I wasn't scared of Larry Holmes.

It's an unseen danger that Spinks admits to fearing. Few

fighters will talk about it publicly. "It's life threatening, I'll tell yon," Spinks said Friday of his profession. "It's terrifying at

times. But I do it for a living. I'm wrapped up in boxing. But he added: "I don't think 1 could fight knowing I never

would be a champion. I couldn't do it just for the sport of it." Spinks, who turned pro after winning a gold medal in the 1976

Olympics at Montreal, has won all 30 of his pro fights, 20 hy knockout. He has earned prob-ahly between \$10 million and 15 million, including a \$4 million guarantee for Monday night's Spinks became the first light

heavyweight champion to win a heavyweight title when he scored a close, but unanimous 15-round decision over Holmes for the International Boxing Federation (IBF) Championship in 1985.

In the rematch against Holmes in 1986, Spinks was hurt badly hy a right hand to the temple in the 14th round. He didn't try to grah or fight hack. He turned his body and moved quickly away from

and they have decided to oppose "I didn't run from Larry

like Carl Lewis if I have to.'

But Spinks returned to the starting blocks after his sprint away from Holmes. Before the round ended. Spinks railied with a flurry of punches to the head.

Movement is the slingshot Spinks is going to have to use against Cooney, especially in the early rounds.

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iay of Capp

TAREAST.

17.20

The 6-foot-7 (1.95 metre) Cooney, who has scored 24 knockouts in posting a 28-1 record, has advantages of 4½ inches (11.5 cm) in height and 5. inches (1234 cm) in reach. Cooney probably will outweigh: him by 30 to 35 pounds (13.5 to 16 kg).

"Michael will hope Gerry gets tired, frustrated," said Holmes, who made Cooney tired and frustrated when he stopped him in the 13th round of a World Boxing Council (WBC) title defence on June 11, 1982.

After he defended the title with fourth-round knockout of Stefan Tangstad last Sept. 6, the IBF withdrew championship recognition from Spinks because he refused to make a mandatory defence against Tony Tucker.

Promoter Butch Lewis is hilling Monday night's fight as being for the heavyweight championship, but only the state of Florida and

the district of Columbia commissions recognise it as a title bout. Tucker now is the IBF cham-

pion. Mike Tyson is recognised as champion hy the WBC and Holmes," Spinks said with a World Boxing Association smile. "I tried to make it difficult (WBA).

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Retirement is not among Connors plans yet LONDON (R) — Jimmy Conday, 6-4, 6-4 over West German nors has not won a singles title for Eric Jelen, who ousted Mats Wilander in the first round. Con-

the last three years, hut retire-ment does not figure in his plans for the near future. The 34-year-old American

does not know how long he will used to be, before, during and go on playing, but he sees no after the match. If I look happy reason to stop now. Connors, whose instinctive

fighting qualities have been crucial ingredients in his triumphs, blasted his way into the semifinals of the London grass court cham-pionships on Friday, completing a third round match suspended the previous night and also winning a quarter-final.

Then he marvelled at his success. "It surprises me that 1 still manage to win a lot of matches. And I've had a couple of chances to win tournaments this year, and that's not supposed to happen,

not to a guy of 34." After his second victory Fri-

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National Ahlia Insurance Co.

nors credited an attitude change for extending his career.

"My attitude is different than it on court, I've always been happy on court. I just didn't always like some of the other people out there. I probably still don't. I just get on to them the way I used to,"

ago, I'm on vacation here and I just happen to be playing tennis quarters-finals in Paris, my toughest tournament, and I'm in the semis here."

"I'm enjoying the tennis. How can 1 stop when I'm enjoying it like this and playing this kind of tennis? If 1 stopped now, I'd titles, hnt none in the last three

ranking had improved two places' day confronts Australian Pat to seventh in the world for Cash, the seventh seed who upset

reaching the French quarter-fin-als and could go higher here. "Then if I win a few matches at Wimhledon, look out. I could be up in the top three hy the end of

Asked at what position in the rankings would he feel he had slipped too far, he replied: "If I dropped out of the top 12 or 15, I'd prohably say 'that's enough'. I'd play exhibitions, some special events and a few tournaments." said. "I'm feeling good physically."Like I was in Paris two weeks It's not a chore for me to get up in

the morning and go out and practice. I've taken care of myself while I'm here. But I got to the over the years. I'm married now, with two kids. That has kept me in the game. If I had stayed single, I'd probably have broken down physically a long time ago. he said.

Connors has won 105 singles regret it. Besides I'm earning a years. "I could win here. There heiluva living—let's be bonest—
doing what I enjoy," he added.
Connors pointed out that his

Til be out there trying," he said.
Fifth seed Connors on Satur-



Sweden 7-6, 7-6 on Friday. In the other semifinal, top seed

Boris Becker, preparing to hid for his third successive Wimhleter-finals here last year.

don title, meets defending champion Tim Mayotte of the United States, who beat him in the quar-

terference in international team selection by condemning a prop-osal to ban players who have sporting links with South Africa. The renewed warning came from the Test and County Cricket Board (TCCB) after a special meeting at Lord's to consider their stance in the face of an second-seeded Stefan Edberg of attempt hy West Indies to introduce the ban. The Counties voted unani-

ence (ICC) at a meeting here on June 26 — that players with "any sporting contact with South Afri-

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U.S. trade improves

WASHINGTON (R) — A lower U.S. trade deficit with the rest of the world during April has braced stock and currency markets and prompted Reagan administration claims that steady improvement is

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The trade shortfall with the rest of the world narrowed for a second straight month in April, to \$F3.3 billion from \$13.6 billion in March, as economists saw signs a falling U.S. dollar was finally starting to have an impact.

But the improvement failed to queli congressional calls for new U.S. laws to protect domestic inchestry and guard against unfair foreign trade practices.
Senate Finance Committee

Chairman Lloyd Bentsen, e Texas Democrat, said the April trade performance was disappointing since it included a fall in exports as well as in imports.

The trade report showed both imports and exports fell in April. Exports fell 4.4 per cent to \$20.14 billion, while imports were down 3.6 per cent to 33.46 billion in April, a trend foreshadowed by Japan's report Thursday that its trade surplus was declining.

"We're only fooling ourselves if we think we'll see a sustained. healthy improvement in U.S. exports without doing something about foreign trade barriers." Mr. Bentsen said Friday,

He has led Senate efforts to use U.S. trade laws to force open foreign markets. Debate on a new trade bill is scheduled to

begin this week. U.S. Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige, commenting rose.

in the evening.

budget tonight.

ciently. Be social tonight.

from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 14, 1987

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Today is fine for settling

career or business interests of a practical nature. Look

for an upawing toward a more unique and progressive

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Go after your personal wishes now. You can enjoy the company of good friends

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You can decide on the

right philosophy of life that is best suited to your modus

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be more affectionate

with your mate. Take time to complete unfinished tasks.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Have a prac-

tical discussion with an outside partner. Handle some

civic matter.
LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) Plan the oew week's work

and get your hours nicely scheduled. Take some health

treatments that will relax you.
VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22| Make arrangements for

ome entertainment you like. The evening is best for

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22| Get home conditions im-

proved today. Keep the conversation light if you have

guests into your home.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Take a little trip with

s friend in the morning, but he with your family in the

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Think about how

to handle practical matters more wisely. Enjoy the com-

pany of charming personalities. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You can gain a

cherished wish, so go after it. Set up a more practical

"AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Get your feet on the

ground and you can handle practical affairs more effi-

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) A wise friend can give

you excellent advice today. Do something that will

please a good pal in the evening.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or she, will understand how to whittle imaginative ideas down

to a practical working level and handle them success-

fully, so encourage this. Give as fine an education as you

can afford. Teach this child the importance of control-

Avoid one who has strange ideas.

thinking about business matters.

shortly after the figures were released, predicted the corner has been turned in lowering the huge U.S. trede deficit that hit \$166.3 billion in 1986.

The Labour Department reported separately that wholesale prices were up only 1).3 per cent in May after a sharp 0.7 per cent rise in April that bad triggered fears of a sharp rise in inflation at the retail level.

Wall Street responded enthusiastically as share prices closed strongly higher, with the Dow Jones mdex up more than 17 points. The dollar jumped to 143.93 Japanese yen in New York currency trading

The Commerce Department also said businesses increased inventories only by 0.2 per cem in April after a 0.4 per cent March gain, suggesting corporations were slowing the pace of restocking after building up large inventories in the first quarter.

Mr. Allen Smai, senior vicepresident of Shearson Lehman Brothers in New York, said there were signs the benefits of the dollar devaluation are now occur-

Perhaps with the import numbers dropping, some substitution of U.S. goods for foreign goods has begun," Mr. Sinai said. He also said there was reason to believe "a slow trunatound" toward shrinking monthly trade deficits was now under way.

The U.S. trade deficit with Japan in April was little changed from March at \$4.95 billion, but deficits with other Asian nations

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market during the week starting Saurday, June 1, '87 and ending Tuesday, June 9, '87, (Figures in Jordanian charts).							
Name of company	Number of shares	Volume of trade	Opening price	Closing price	Par value		
Banking and financial institutions Industrial Development Bank	4 1500						
Petra Bank	21450	7625 47186	1.250 2.2180	1.250 2.190	1.000 1.0001		
Jordan Islamic Bank Jordan Kuwaii Bank	7001	1463	2 050	2.160	1,000		
Jordan Gulf Bank	4651 1127	7 <u>ለ</u> 28 1462	1.680 1.280	i.688) 1.30a			
Housing Bank	3750	6210	1.000	i.féli	1,000		
Arab Jordan Investment Bank Cairo Amman Bank	476	119427	22,750	23 Ikai	1.000 5.000		
Bank of Justin	1245	21661	17.3481	17.430	5.000		
Arab Bank Jordan National Bank	2880 14530	34634X 36257	(21.500 2.490	118.006 2.490	10.000		
Jordan Finance House for Development	16700	14232	11,864	0.850	(1,016)		
Islamic Investment House Joidan Investment and Finance Corporation	15351	18562	1.690	1.760	1.(88) 1788)		
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National Financial Investments National Portfolio Scentities	3388	4562 2576	1.430 ย.760	1.5(B) 11.7701	1.000 1.000		
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Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan)	CINN)	1.580	1.34(1	1.380	1,000 2 July		
Al Mastirek Exchange			_	_	(CLOXXI		
Insurance and reinsurance							
Jordan French Insurance		008)8 380	4,750 4,880	5 (84) 1),560	N.W.) 		
Joidan Insurance	550	6215	11.250	17,250	L'INN		
Arab Life and Accident Insurance		27288 936	1058.)1 1 (140)	0.830 1.040	1.000 1.000		
Huly Land Insurance		_		-	l (ROU		
Philadelphia Insurance	1131	7.5	11,740	0.730	(1,000) 1,000		
Jerusalem Insurance	3475	5370	1,350	1.750	LAKE,		
Jordan-Gull Insurance	533(1 1300)	4181,1 907	10,770 0,700	0 770 0.700			
General Insurance	וה	97	1.350	1.380	LIKKL		
Jordan Eagle Insurance	_	=	_	_	111,000		
Al-Izdihar Insurance			_		(RKI,]		
National Althya Insurance	3244	3893	1.250	1.2Jki	IXXI, I		
Services and industries Darco for Housing and Investment	9232	517h	4.570	11,5441	L.COCOLU		
Real Estate Investment (Aquico)	17141	1179	11,420	11 4141	CRRI.L		
Jordan Leasing Corporation	525 348	357	11 650	0,680	1 (101) 1.000		
Equipment Leasing & Maintenance Taljector		52	0.650	II 650	1,(%), 1		
Jordanian Electric Power hrbid District Electricity	2437	447!	1.5.341	0.520	LIKKI		
Arab International Hotels	_	_	_	=	(XXI, { IXX), [
Hotels and Tourism	765	M172	 4.(RRI		1,(XX)		
Jordan National Shipping Lines		.41/2		4.100	0,000 0,01,3		
Jordan Press Frandation Jordan Press and Publishing	2650 27,3	7200 601	2.700 2.200	2.72D 2.200	1.18X) (XIV.)		
Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing	364.81	1656	0.460	0.460	1.000		
Jordan Dairy Arab Pharmaceutical Manufacturing	9353 8207	17782	1.180 2.160	8.180 2.140	1.08%(1.1880		
Intermediate Petrochemical Industries	150221	147385	11,920	0.990	1.000		
Jordan Phosphate Mines	2 <u>22</u> 2125	431 2876	1,950 1,350	1.940 1.360	1.000		
Arab Chemical Detergent Industries	2110	10500	4,950	5.000	1,000 1,000		
Aladdin Industries Arab Alumuium Manufacturing	190659 161978	194505	(0.950	1.050	1.100		
Jordan Worsted Mills	551	315572 2424	1.920 4.400	4.4(X) ,941	1.000		
Jordan Ceramies	314	330	1.050	1.050	EXXI.		
Chemical Industries Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO)	24450 6440	31807 3112	1946 1,480	0.460 1.460	1.003		
Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment	944	1271	1.360	1.330	1.000		
National Steel Industries Universal Chemical Industries	52950 1000	126376 893	2.360 0.880	2.380 0.900	LUUR Duul		
General Mining	_	_	_	_	1.000		
Jordan Petroleum Refinery	4660 465,54	34677 13010	7.400 11.280	7.500 (),250° .*	5.(XX) O(XL):		
Jdrdan Linie & Brick National Industries	3(KK)	LHOS	14,604	0.610	1.000		
Arab Paper Converting and Trading	250d	750	11.320	0.300	1.000		
Livestock and Poulity	57120	42840	11,770	0.750	1.1000		
Joidan Pipes Manufacturing Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags	26967	29517	1.140	1.150	1.000 1.000		
Jordan Paper and Cardboard	63	148	2.30x1	2.350	1.000		
Jurdan Rockwool Industries Trans-Jordan Minerals Research	=	=	_	_	1.000 1.000		
Jordan Himeh Mineral	_	=	=	_	LKKI.I		
Orient Dry Batteries Factory	_	_	_	_	1.000		
Jordan Tanning	881	1718	1.950	1.950	1.000 1.000		
Jordan Printing and Packaging	_	_	_	_	1.00XI		
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette	=	=	_	=	5.000 1.000		
Mas Industries Arab Center for Pharmaceuticals & Chemicals	_	_	~	_	1.000		
National Cable & Wire Manufacturing	24300	22318	0.890	0,900	1.000		
Jurdan Spinning & Weaving	163030	150457	(1,890	0.910	1.000		
Jordan Sulpho Chemicals	129365 40533	399011 39952	3.330 1).990	3.290 0.980	1.000		
Jordan Glass Industries	7UXI	6847	0.970	u.97(1	1.000		

Moscow unveils proposals to decentralise management

MOSCOW (Agencies) — The Soviet Union Friday unveiled proposals for decentralising its system of economic management, including freeing enterprises from the control of ministries in Moscow and reforming the role of planning organs.

Mr. Nikolai Slyunkov, the selves with broad tasks connected Communist Party central committee secretary in charge of economic administration, said a basic aim of the proposals was to ensure that consumers would no longer be forced to buy lowquality goods they did not want.

"The inefficient management of the economy is determined by the domination of the producer over the consumer. This creates shortages, since output is not subordinate to the consumer's demands and he has to take what he is given." Mr. Slyunkov said.

Mr. Slyunkov was speaking at an economic conference which was held at the central committee headquarters last Monday and Tuesday, His speech and remarks by others present, including Soviet leader, Mr. Mikhail Gorbachev, were released Friday.

Mr. Gorbachev told the meeting the central committee would discuss the proposals at a plenary meeting at the end of June. The plenum is to be followed by a Supreme Soviet (parliament) session which will pass a law on how enterprises should be run.

Mr. Slyankov said the Soviet leadership was proposing that the central economic organs, notably Moscow-based ministries and the state planning committee Gosplan, play a more strategic role so that enterprises had more scope for initiative.

'For a radical improvement in the work of ministries, it is proposed to free them from the funcoons of direct management of enterprises and to end the vicious practice of redistributing means from highly efficient enterprises to enterprises that are inefficient and unprofitable," he said. Ministries should occupy them-

with planning, introducing newtechnology and satisfying the long-term needs of individual branches of the economy, Mr. Slyunkov said. At the same time, be said,

enterprises should continue to contribute to the state budges. ministries should increase their role in foreign trade, and Gosplan should become what he called "the economic headquarters of the country.

Mr. Slyunkov said a reform of the country's rigid pricing system was planned. There must be an organic connection between wbolesale, purchase and retail prices," he said.

Western economists said the proposal to free enterprises from central control seemed the most far-reaching element in Mr. Slyunkov's speech, and his comments on orices suggested some market-based reforms in that area were under consideration.

But they cautioned that the leadership was still upholding the principle of central planning, and a final assessment would depend on the nature of the law which the Supreme Soviet will adopt. The law is due to come into effect next

Mr. Gorbachev made clear in his speech to the conference that tensions over the issue of decentralisation sull existed, saying: Much is yet to be clarified here, above all as regards the correlation between the centre and local

He added: "It is only on the basis of public ownership that it is possible to have a centre that is capable of forecasting, calculat-ing, advancing and attaining objectives ... we must rehuff those who wish to propose antisocialist alternatives

Several senior officials at the conference spoke vehemently against a strong role for ministries, according to excerpts from their speeches published by the official news agency TASS.

Mr. Georgy Arbaiov, head of the USA and Canada Institute of the Academy of Sciences, said the number of ministries should be cut and their functions sharply reduced. A Leningrad factory director said planning had been overcentralised for too long.

> Finnish firm becomes first to enter joint venture with Soviets

Mcanwhile, a Finnish paint company on Thursday became the first firm to enter a joint production venture with the Soviets, an arrangement the Kremlin hopes will boost the slumping Soviet economy with foreign currency and know-how.

"We expect three things from the ventures -- a better internadonal division of labour, profits, and the capacity to bring new products to the market," said Mr. Yuri D. Dryomov, head of the joint ventures department at the Soviet ministry of foreign trade.

Many Western businessmen. however, have been wary of the project, saying it requires the joint firm's director to be a Soviet, that hirings and firings must conform to Soviet law and that the joint venture might compete with its Western parent abroad.

Officers of Finland's Sadolin Company signed the pioneer accord that made them a 40-per cent partner in an Estonian factory making liquid wood preservatives.

Mr. Dryomov, who attended the signing, hailed the agreement as the first of its kind and said he hoped its success would result in Brazil introduces crisis

Junejo cancels new taxes

ISLAMABAD (R) - Pakistan Prime Minister Mohammad Khan Junejo announced Friday the cancellation of new taxes that had led to protests across the country. His government opted instead for a campaign against corruption tax evasion, and for new austerity measures to affect state officials - ministerial pay cuts, economy class air travel and smaller official cars. Mr. Junejo told parliament five of various new taxes announced in a June 4 budget were withdrawn. These were extra duties on kerosene. diesel oil, cooking gas and electricity and a controversial 5-10 per cent "defence tax" levy on imports, incomes and services. "The indication we received is

that the people have been shock-

ed by these budget proposals and

that they would badly affect the

common man," the prime minis-

night announced emergency mea- cent_ sures, including a new price freeze, suspension of major procurrency to tackle what it called of its history. an enormous financial crisis. President Jose Sarney, addres-sing the nation on television, said the measures were absolutely indispensable to return the Brazilian economy to normality. Brazil, whose \$111 billion fore-

ign debt is the largest of any developing nation, is currently beset by steep inflation, high interest rates, and a slowdown in its all-important car industry, which have led many economists and businessmen to predict that the serves. country is headed toward a severe

recession. The government gave no immediate details on the devaluation of the cruzado, the national

one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

RYTUL

package to fight inflation BRASILIA (R) - Brazil Friday sources said it would be 10 per

After the failure of last year's Cruzado plan price freeze, Brazil jects and a devaluation of its is experiencing the worst inflation

The plan, which initially met with widespread public support collapsed under the weight of widespread shortages, inflationary pressures and a foreign pay-

ments crisis. The crisis has also had internauonal repercussions. In February Brazil suspended interest payments on its \$68 billion owed to foreign banks, a move Mr. Sarney said was aimed at preserving the country's dwindling cash re-

Finance Minister Luiz Carlos Bresser Pereira, who said the country was facing an enormous financial crisis, announced in the same broadcast that prices will be currency, but government frozen for up to 90 days.

Peanuts

Grand total





1,371,734

2,367,812





Mutt'n' Jeff









Andy Capp

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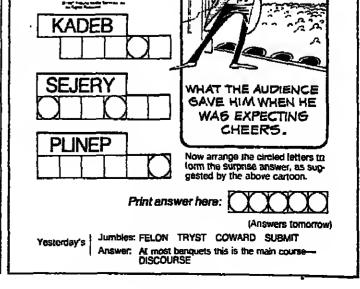
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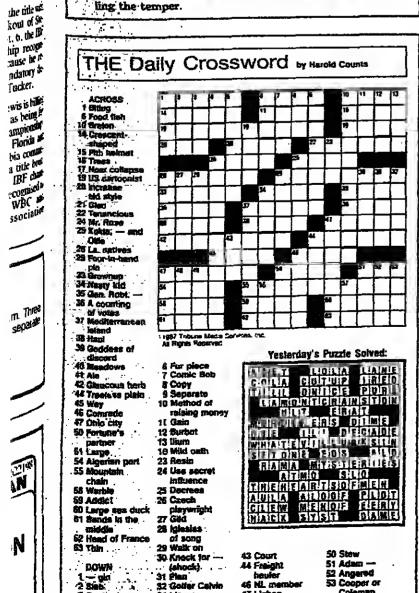






THE BETTER HALF By Harris HARRIS 'I'm not lazy! It takes a great deal of energy and planning to goof off as well as I do!" JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Herin Arnold and Bob Lee





Philippine police start mobilising civilians against Communist rebels

MANILA (R) — Top police officials said they were mobilising civilians to help them fight Communist rebels largely blamed for a rash of killings which Saturday claimed its 14th lawman victim in 10 days.

National police chief Brigadier-General Renato De Villa said he was going to put into practice President Corazon Aquino's call for the people to support the military and police in the 18-yearold Communist insurgency

Brig. De Villa said Mrs. Aquino had laid the "moral hasis" for an all-out campaign against the rebels.

'Sparrows," named for the swiftness of their attacks, have claimed responsibility for some of

the 14 killing.
Former rebel leader Bernabe Buscayno, also known as Commander Dante, was ambushed

QUANTICO, Virginia (AP) —

A former guard at the U.S.

embassy in Moscow says he was

stunned when the Marine Corps

dropped espionage charges

against him because he thought

officials were "going to push it as

hard as they could to save face."

appeared at a news conference Friday after the corps announced

it was dismissing the charges.

Bracy said he was forced to sign a

confession under threat of losing

his rights of American citizenship

and being kicked out of the corps.

Bracy had been accused of

assisting another marine guard,

Sgt. Clayton Lonetree, in allow-

ing Soviets into secure areas of

mind that I was a liar and I was

trying to cover up." he said.

"They already had in their

The corps, in a statement re-

leased shortly before Bracy's

news conference, confirmed for

the first time that Bracy bad

"confessed to a number of serious

offenses against the uniform code

of military justice, including

But under the code, the corps

said, 'confessions are not

admissible as evidence unless

there is independent evidence to

corroborate them. Despite thor-

ough investigation, the necessary

corroborative evidence has not

Bokassa, the former self-styled

emperor or the Central African

Republic, challenged the legality

of his conviction and death sent-

ence Saturday in a formal de-

attorneys, François Gihault, reg-

istered Bokassa's appeal with the supreme court of the Central

African Republic within the

three-day time limit following the

end of the six-month-long trial.

A criminal court of three

judges and six jurors found the

deposed tyrant guilty Friday of

ordering the hrutal murder of real

or imagined political opponents

and their relatives during his 14-

Bokassa also was found guilty

of ordering innumerable arbitrary

arrests — often leading to the death of the prisoner — and

stealing millions of dollars from

the treasury of this impoverished

year reign of terror.

One of his French defence

mand for a retrial.

Bokassa seeks retrial

the embassy.

Marine Cpl. Arnold Bracy, 21.

against embassy guard

and two companions were killed in an attack he says was conducted by policemen or soldiers 10 revenge their fallen colleagues.

Mr. Buscaynn, who now advocates electoral politics, was the founder of the New People's Army to which the "sparrows" helong.

One alleged "sparrow" was killed Friday in a gunbattle with

Brig. De Villa said the police would organise an information network that would reach into every Manila neighbourhood.

To our mind the message of the president yesterday is very U.S. drops spy charges

The corps said it would con-

The dismissal of the charges

came just two days before Bracy's

lawyers planned to leave for Mos-

cow on a fact-finding trip in hopes

The action marked the second

major sethack in the Pentagon's

investigation of alleged espionage

at the Moscow embassy. Last

month, the corps was forced to

drop the most serious charges

against Lonetree, although he

still faces a court-martial next

together in Moscow as emhassy

guards during an eight-month period in 1985 and 1986. The

Marine Curps had accused the two

of escorting Soviet agents inside

the emhassy on numerous occa-

sions last year after the Marines

became sexually involved with

Bracy said his only mistake was

Soviet women.

Bracy and Lonetree, 25, served

month on other counts.

of huttressing the defence.

unue its investigation.

important because that formed the hasis of the framework for our efforts now to ask for and mobilise community support," he told a news conference.

Mrs. Aquino asked civilians in a speech during a celebration of national independence Friday to support the military and the police as she vowed to get tough and to "hring the war" to the

Rebel leaders said this week they would view the rise of vigilante groups in Manila as an escalation of political violence by the government and would respond accordingly.

Brigadier-General Alexander Aguirre, police chief for the Manila area, who was also at the conference, said he has started meeting mayors in Manila and support the government.

Meanwhile a leading woman

communist guerrilla was captured Friday night as she visited her baby born during a ceasefire ear-

lier this year.
"Amazons," as women rebels
are called here, are playing an increasingly important role in the 18-year-old insurgency against

the Manila government.

Maria Conception Araneta Bocala, also known as Comrade Concha, was arrested on Panay fsland in the central Philippines hy the military on charges of rebellion and subversion, officers

Bocala and a renegade priest, Father Jose "Boy" Torre, met President Corazon Aquino in Iloilo before the start of peace

suburhan towns to discuss plans negotiations last October. U.S. successfully tests fourth Trident 2 missile

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida navy spokesman. The test was the fourth of 20

(AP) — A Trident 2 submarine missile thundered off a land launch pad and scored a fourth straight test success for the U.S. navy's newest, most powerful rocket, the navy said.

The 13.5-metre three-stage missile Friday hurled a dummy warhead to an ocean target several hundred kilometres down the Atlantic tracking range.

"The test was very successful,"

Trident 2 launches planned from a land pad. That series will be followed by up to 10 submarine test launches, with the weapons scheduled to become operational in late 1989.

Trident 2 is an interncontinental range missile designed to propel up to 10 nuclear warheads to different targets. Each Trident said Lt. Cmdr. Frank Decker, a submarine will carry 24 missiles.

Cosmonauts install tier of solar battery on Mir

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet cosmonauts Yuri Romanenko and Alexander Laveikin have installed the first tier of a new solar battery outside the Mir orbiting station in a space walk lasting nearly two hours, TASS news agency said Saturday.

TASS said the cosmonauts set in not telling his superior of an encounter with a Soviet woman. up an expandable girder on Mir's outer surface Friday night and He said he spoke to the secured two sections of photowoman, who was formerly a cook in the U.S. emhassy, in a Moscow park in June 1986. He said that electric transformers to it. They re-entered Mir after one hour and the woman did not specifically 53 minutes in space. ask him to work for the Kremlin

The additional solar battery is hut he believed she was trying to needed to increase power supplies to the Mir complex, which recruit him. He said he immediately rebuffed ber and reported the meeting to his com-

the astrophysical research module Kvant in April.

Kvant is packed with hightechnology equipment including several telescopes for observation of remote parts of the universe. The telescopes have added to the power demand.

Moscow Radio said the cosmonauts would make a new space walk in a few days to assemble another tier of solar cells and make the whole system operational.

Mir, launched in Fehruary 1986, was previously supplied by two solar batteries. TASS said has faced a sbarp rise in electric- the parts for the third battery

ity demand since being joined by were carried to Mir inside Kvant. Pope backs to religious themes after pro-solidarity speeches

CZESTOCHOWA, Poland (R) Solidarity union should be ful-- Pope John Paul, after two days filled. in the Baltic ports during which he defended the ideals of the banned Solidarity free trade un-

He celebrated an early-morning mass in the Jasna Gora (Hill of light) Monastery in front of its crowd. revered image of the Black Madonna. Then be came out to the ramparts to tell a hig crowd that he prayed to the Virgin Mary for religious freedom in Poland

and the world. Arriving from Gdansk Friday might at the monastery, which is Poland's most popular shrine and the focus for an intense brand of religious patriotism, the Pope laughed and talked spontaneous-

ly with enthusiastic crowds.
"In this land of Poland there is such a great need of hope," the

Pope said. The Pope arrived later Satur-In one of the most dramatic day in the textile town of Lodz for his homeland, the Pope told a one of its factories.

After the mass, riot police with batons broke up a march by at least 5,000 young Solidarity supion, returned to religious themes porters carrying Solidarity han-saturday. porters carrying solidarity han-ners and chanting slogans. The police took action after stones and bottles were thrown from the

> The official PAP news agency said no arrests were made hnt Western reporters saw some demonstrators being beaten and hauled away by police.

The Pope was already on his way to Czechostowa when the clashes occurred, and on Friday night the crowd in the meadows below the monastery sang and begged him to stay with them.

"The Mother of God is wondering when will he get on with the prayer," he joked.

highlights of his seven-day visit to an open-air mass and a visit to

million Polish workers at an open-air mass in Gdansk Friday saw with an open-air mass in that they had the right to be front of the Stalinist Palace of represented hy free trade unions. Culture and a religious proces-He said the 1980 Gdansk accords sion through the streets of the which gave hirth to the banned city.

Reagan Berlin speech Prayda said the wall was built

Soviet paper attacks

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet Communist Party newspaper Pravda Saturday condemned a speech by U.S. President Ronald Reagan calling for the demolition of the Berlin Wall as a show of bare-faced anti-Sovietism.

which he appealed directly to Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev to tear down the wall. was a hypocritical attempt to disguise the reasons for the harrier's construction

ft said American presidents treated Berlin as a sort of shrine where they were required to appear from time to time.

To an equal degree ritual has become a public outpouring of personal feelings which, unfortunately, are dominated by unfriendliness to our country and hare-faced anti-Sovietism," it

"Yesterday the president of the United States irrigated a West Berlin site near the Brandenburg Gate with hypocritical cries to tear down 'the Berlin Wall' and npen the gate. in other words to break through the state border delimiting the German state of workers and farmers."

as a direct result of policies by the United States and its allies aimed at using West Berlin as a "front city" for hlows against East Germany.

Contrasting Mr. Reagan's calls for improved East-West ties with Pravda said Mr. Reagan's for improved East-West ties with speech in West Berlin Friday, in his assertion that the West would maintain "defences of unassailable strength" to resist "Soviet expansion," it said his arms control stand was keeping the gates

Pravda added that a security force of 10,000 protecting the site of the Reagan speech included police brought in from West Germany in violation of the fourpower accord on Berlin.

The Soviet Union, which signed the post-war accord with United States, Britain and France, argues that West Berlin is not an integral part of West Germany and that Bonn is not authorised to take part in official functions there.

East Germany began huilding the Berlin Wall in August 1961. The West says the wall's purpose was to stop the outflow of large numbers of East Germans who were leaving their country hy crossing into West Berlin.

Thousands protest in Seoul after arrest of 13 dissidents

SEOUL, South Korea (Agencies) - Police hurled tear gas grenades and charged into thousands of people staging a sit-dnwn strike Saturday in sympathy with student protesters who have held a Roman Catholic cathedral for four days.

Plainclothes police squads used their gloved fists and wielded protective shields like hattering rams to drive off the people sitting in the streets around the Myongdong Cathedral in down-

Witnesses said the crowd of demonstrators swelled rapidly from a few hundred to as many as

The clash came as church officials attempted to work out a compromise with the government to end the cathedral siege and the

fighting that has swirled around the headquarters of the Catholic Church in South Korea since Wednesday. No details of the talks were

released, hut priests said their offer to escort the students out had heen rehuffed and they feared the government might storm the cathedral complex. The latest clashes came after 13

top dissident leaders were arrested on charges of taking part in illegal protests.

The 13, including Yang Sun-Jik, vice-president of the hardline opposition Reunification Democratic Party, and Christian and Buddhist clergymen, were charged with organising Wednesday's anti-government protests across the country.

Panamanians protest against state of emergency PANAMA CITY, Panama (AP) Betania neighbourhood down-

- Panamanians in rich and poor town. Entire families in the area neighbourboods, barred by a crowded onto balconies to bang state of emergency from gather- pots and pans. ing in public, honked car horns and hanged on pots to protest the accusations against the military country's military leadership.

The government closed all public and private schools in the country's five biggest cities for a week, starting Monday, in an effort to keep the unrest from ates. spreading beyond the capital.

Three times Friday, residents of the capital heeded a call by the National Civic Crusade, a group of 35 businesses and professional groups, to make noise in the streets to protest the state of emergency imposed Thursday by

Prsident Éric Delvalle. In the old Panama tenement hlocks near downtown, pairs of soldiers watched warily Friday as people appeared in doorways and balconies at 9 p.m. to hang uten-

sils on pots and pans. Some residents lit small trash fires in the streets of the neigh-

Only a few cars moved through downtown Panama City, usually filled with pedestrians on a Friday night. Many storefronts were

boarded up for protection against rioters and most restaurants were open hut empty of customers.

During an earlier noise campaign Friday, troops were seen throwing rocks at bonking cars and hurling tear gas canisters into the open front doors of apartment buildings in the affluent and persons in Panama."

Meanwhile, the man whose

touched off the unrest, retired Col. Roberto Diaz Herrera, said he feared for his life and was seeking asylum in Spain for himself, his family and some associ-

Col. Diaz Herrera on Friday added U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Vice President George Bush to the list of those he claimed were responsible for the 1981 death of strongman Gen. Omar Torrijos, who was killed in a plane crasb.

Earlier this week Col. Diaz claimed Gen. Manuel Antonio Noriega, Gen. Torrijos' successor and perhaps the most powerful person in Panama, conspired with the CIA and Gen. Wallace Nutting to put a homh on Gen. Torrijos' plane.

Gen. Noriega, the Central fntelligence Agency and Gen. Nutting, who was then head of the U.S. Southern Command in Panama and is now retired, have all denied the charges.

Asked why he thought Mr. Reagan was involved in Gen. Turrijos' death, Col. Diaz Herrera said, "f know because f saw photocopies badly written that involve President Reagan, Vice President Bush and Gen. Nutting

minister. She was defeated in her

Meanwhile Enoch Powell, one

of the most durable figures in

British politics whose outspoken

views made him shunned by

many, was ousted from parlia-

ment after serving there for over

A former Conservative minis-

ter once tipped to become prime

minister before he moved out of

the national mainstream, Powell

was a maverick who spent much

of his career agitating for repat-

riating black and Asian immig-

The erudite classical scholar,

rants from Britain.

Cambridge district.

30 years.

for oral sex, astonishing considering cooperation between the centre and the Health Ministry in the fight against AIDS, the normally fatal acquired immune deficiency syndrome.

READING, England (AP) — The Conservatives will in the British general election made potato chip shop owner Inn. Kwang from Hong Kong £20.000 (\$33,000) richer. Kwan, 28, staked £50 (\$99) in January on a seven-stage accumulator bet, the wigniffs from his first going on his second, and so on Bookunkers Ladbroke's said Kwan successfully predicted the results of lights race in Ireland, a snooker (pool) tournament in Finsand, the American Superbowl Football Championship, a horse race in England, the English and Scottish soccer championships and

GOREN BRIDGE

by Chables Goren and Omar Sharif

Q.—From time to time, you men-

tion the Principle of Restricted Choice in your writings. I om not sure how this principle operates. Would you mind explaining it? — N.E., Tampa, Fla. A .- To the best of my knowledge,

this subject was first raised by New York Times bridge editor Alan Truscolt in a magazine article in the mid-1950s. Later, Terence Reese delved into the principles involved in greater delail.

Here is the simplest example of the application of the Principle of Restricted Choice:

> **4 QJ9** SOUTH 4112

South needs one trick from the suit, and entries to his hand are no problem. He leads low to the queen and East wins the king. When next South leads the suit and West produces a low card, should South

play the jack or finesse the nine?
If South has no information from the bidding to suggest that East started with both high honors, it is correct to play the jack. The reason is that, if East had started with both the ace and king, he could have won the first trick with either card. The fact that, in the example cited, he won with the king suggests that he doesn't hold the ace. Here's another common case.:

BANGUI (AP) — Jean-Bedel former French colony.

The court sentenced Bokassa to death Friday, but the sentence cannot be carried out while his appeal for a retrial is being considered.

The supreme court's review of the legality of the trial could take several months. Even if the death sentence is confirmed, it may never be carried out.

Andre Kolingba, who seized power with French hacking in a bloodless coup six years ago, has commuted every death sentence imposed since he became presi-

Senior officials and Western diplomats said privately Kolingba was virtually certain to take similar action in Bokassa's case, particularly as the former emperor's execution could cause serious unrest among Bokassa's minority M'Baiki tribe concentrated in the southwestern corner of the land-

DEAR MR. GOREN

♠ K 10 8 7 5 4 SOUTH + A 9 3

South needs to bring in the suil without losing a trick. He leads the ace and East drops the jack. When he continues with the nine, West follows low. Is it correct to rise with the king or finesse the 10? The Principle of Restricted Choice dictales that you take the finesse. Indeed, the odds are almost 2-to-1 in favor. Again, if East had both missing honors he would

Reese stated the principle as follows: Assume that a defender did not have a choice to exercise rather than that he exercised a choice One last example:

choose to drop the queen half the

NORTH 4 Q 9 7 6 6 4 SOUTH

♠ A 2 South leads the acc and East drops the 10. Should South linesse the nine next, or go up with the

You understand the principle perfectly if you elected to finesse the ninc. If East held both middle honors, he could have dropped elther the jack or 10 under the ace. The fact that he chose the 10 makes it less likely that he holds

Record number of women elected to U.K. parliament LONDON (Agencies) - When Miss Ahbott, who won the East Margaret Thatcher enters the London district of Hackney record 327 women candidates House of Commons to begin her North and Stoke Newington, promised to keep fighting for third term as prime minister, she will be one of a record 41 women

who won the right to take seats in the "mother of parliaments." The three major parties fielded Among the sea of white male faces will be 17 women members of the governing Conservative Party and 21 from the socialist Labour Party, including the first hlack woman lawmaker, Diane

Two women from the centrist Alliance also were elected Thursday, as was a woman representing the Scottish Nationalist Party.

There will be four non-white faces, the first since an Asian Communist was elected in 1922 and served seven years. Besides Abbott, two black men and one ethnic Asian were elected on Lahour tickets in inner-city dis-

"We went before as humble petitioners — never again" declared hlack lawyer Paul Boateng, 35. claiming victory in London's Brent South district. 'We go now as tribunes, socialist trihunes of all the people, hlack and white, in Brent South."

separate black sections within the Labour Party.

28 non-white candidates. For the first time, some were nominated in areas where they stood a real chance of winning.

Bernie Grant, born in the West

Indies, won with a huge majority for the London district of Tottenham, and in Leicester, Keith Vaz, of Goan origin, defeated a hardline Conservative.

Feminists said Friday that while 41 women elected is an improvement over the 28 women who held seats before, it is sull only a fraction of the 650 seats available. "lt's not that wonderful." said

Elizabeth Vallance, head of political studies at the University of was that many of the women unlike the ethnic minority candi- Democratic Party. dates - were assigned as token candidates to constituencies their Party in the 1960s and 1970s, she parties knew would be difficult or was considered likely to become

Ms. Vallance said there were a running for office compared with 276 in the last election, in 1983. The Alliance of Liberal and

Social Democratic parties led with 105 women, Labour had 92 and the Conservatives had 46. The rest ran for smaller parties. Ms. Vallance said the prospects of electing more women are bleak until the governing Conservatives encourage more women to run.

candidates in 1987 than 1983, she "Because they have a woman prime minister, they think that takes care of their deht," she

The party ran only five more

Mrs. Thatcher has eschewed quotas or other special treatment to encourage women to enter politics, pointing out she made it

One well-known female face London's Queen Mary College.

She said part of the problem parliament is that of Shirley Williams, president of the Social

As a member of the Labour

fluent in five languages, gained much of his notoriety in 1968 when he delivered one of the

wreck Britain's inner cities. Britain's first woman prime

most controversial speeches in postwar British history. "Like a Roman, I seem to see the River Tiher flowing with much blood," he prophesied of racial violence that he said would

"Enoch was right all the time," Powell, who will be 75 on Tuesday, told Reuters in an interview after riots left two Asians dead in Birmingham two years ago.

COLUMNS 768

Venice mayor says no more summits

VENICE, ftaly (AP) - The mayor of Venice has said the lagoon city should never host another Western economic summit. Mayor Nereo Laroni spoke at a news conference two days after the leaders of the seven major industrialised nations ended their three-day meeting. Laroni criticised the "imposing and cumbersome security" that he said was "incompatible with the extremely delicate fabric" of Venice. He complained of hundreds of speeding motorboats, lack of mobility for the citizens and the constant din of helicopters. "These are all negative elements that cannot be repeated," he said. "Other places, other cities are more

Justice in peril from lack of paper

VENICE (R) - The wheels of justice are threatening to grind to a halt in Venice because courts have run out of paper for their photocopying machines, the Corriere Della Sera newspaper reported Saturday. ft said the start of two trials, one involving 37 alleged arms traffickers, had to be delayed until later this year because stocks of the paper needed to reproduce the summonses had run out. Venice justice officials were quoted as saying the problem had arisen because the Ministry of Justice in Rome; which pays for the paper, had cut the hadget, complaining that local courts used too much paper last year.

NATO chief fined for careless driving

DOVER, England (R) - NATO Secretary-General Lord Carrington has been fined £65 (\$107) here for careless driving after his car collided with another car. A magistrates court heard Friday that a car being driven by the chief official of the Western alliance veered to the wrong side of the road in the southern port of Dover. Lord Carrington, a former British foreign secretary, pleaded guilty in a letter to the court.

Pilot accused of having forged dollars

LARNACA, Cyprus (R) — A Lebanese pilot accused of possessing 4,400 forged U.S. dollars was remanded in custody for eight days by Larnaca district court Saturday. Police told the court they arrested Chassan Hassan Reda Al Sayed, 27, when he tried to pay a \$30 restaurant hill with a forged \$100 note in Larnaca. The restaurant was equipped with a scanning device for detecting forged notes and staff called police who said Sayed had another 4,300 forged dollars in his possession. Police sources declined to say whether Sayed was a private pilot or worked for an arrline.

Camel killed after biting man to death

KRONBERG, West Germany (R) - A camel which killed a man at a zoo in this Frankfurt suburb was put to death, police said. A police spokesman said 32-year-old Edmund Sauer, employed by the privately-run Opel Zoo for two months, bled to death after the camel attacked him from behind, biting deep into his shoulder. and severing an artery. Sauer bad entered the camel enclosure to collect two female camels used for giving children rides but the 12-year-old male camel Pascha was in aggressive mood since one of his mates gave birth 10 days ago, zoo authorities said.

Brewer buys ex-Libyan embassy

LONDON (AP) — The Libyan embassy building in London, which was besieged in 1984 after a woman police officer was killed, has been sold to an Australian brewer, the Daily Telegraph reported Saturday. It said that buyer John Elliott, head of Elders-Ixl, will make the building the London headquarters for his company, which last year took over the British Courage Brewing. concern. It did not identify the seller of the lease. The handsome building with a pillared portico is in a corner of St. James's Square

Man killed for saying Diana prettier than

MANILA (R) — A man hacked his hrother to death and. seriously injured another man during an argument over whether, Britain's Princess Diana is prettier than Imelda Marcos. The Philippine News Agency said the three men were drinking one night this week and began to compare the graces of the former Philippine first lady and the wife of Prince Charles. "Don't belittle Tita Meldy she's still the most beautiful woman in the world." the agency quoted the suspect as saying before he ended.

the discussion with a machete. The man is being sought by police. May AIDS death in Britain reach 24

LONDON (AP) - AIDS disease claimed 24 lives in Britain last month, hringing to 444 the country's known death toll since 1982, the Department of Health said. The Department reported that the total number of cases, including deaths, rose by 41 to 791 and included seven habies whose mothers are infected with the deadly disease. Of the total, 686 involved male homosexuals or bisexuals. Other groups with the disease include 31 hemophiliacs, 12 drug addicts and nine homosexual drug addicts. The latest figures are, in line with previous predictions of 4,000 AIDS deaths by the end of 1989, the department said. AIDS destroys the body's natural immune system, leaving it vulnerable to disease.

U.N. chief gets free use of limo

UNITED NATIONS (AP) - A Swedish automaker is allowing U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar free use of a limousine, a spokesman has said. Francois Giuliani, the U.N. chief's spokesman, said that the car, a stretch version of the Volvo 760-GLE, was not a gift, but a loan. "The car will be returned in four years." Giuliani said in answer to questions at a news hriefing. Asked by a reporter if the arrangement constituted a U.N. commercial endorsement of Volvo, Ginliani replied. It would not have been if none of you had raised it." After more questioning about such corporate aid, Giuliani retorted, "the United Nations is going through very serious financial problems and the fact that we saved \$40,000 should be a matter for praise instead of heckling." The secretary-general presently is being driven in a U.N.-purchased American car — a 4½ year-old.

Police seize unlicensed Dutch condoms

BRUSSELS (R) — Belgian police seized 5,300 Dutch contions; the entire stock of a Brussels family planning centre, on the grounds they were not hierased by the Health Ministry, a spokesman for the centre said. He called the confiscation of Dutch condons, including strawberry and hanana-flavoured ones.

Man gets rich after Thatcher victory

England, the English and Scottish soccer championships and England, the English and Thursday's general election.